THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

VOL. XV., NO. 4445 | PORTSMOUTH, N. H., SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1899. | PRICE 2 CENTS

Chicago Meat Co.

NEW STORE

241-2 PLEASANT ST.

NEXT TO MARLBORO HOTEL.

Public Invited to Inspect Our New and Modern Market.

THE FINEST AND LARGEST LINE OF

BICYCLES!

EVER SHOWN IN PORTSMOUTH.

We are making some extremely low prices on them.

Eight makes (twenty-five samples ready) for inspection.

SEE THE RACERS:—Cleveland, Trinity and Sterling.

Sundries cheaper than ever.

RIDER & COTTON.

It Is Time to Select Your Farm & Garden Seeds of

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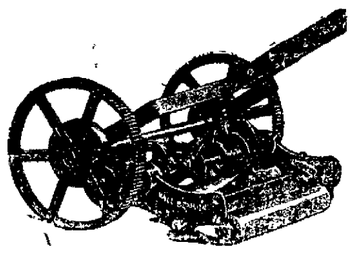
--- MARKET STREET., ---

Purchase one of our Combined Weeders and Cultivators.



TOWN ENDS VICTORY LAWN MOWER.

Ball Bearings The Best Make in the World

Barbed Wire and Poultry Wire a Specialty

A Large Line of Harnesses at Prices to Suit

The Largest Line of All Kinds of Farming Tools in this Section.

Ladies Fur Capes

Renaired and Changed Over In The Best Manner

And Also Made Stronger Than Ever At

JOHN S. TILTON'S,

18 Congress Street.

ALL WHO ARE

In a position to know acknowledge the excellence of our work, and our prices are right.

LAWRENCE,

FINE TAILORING,

9 CONGRESS ST

DO NOT FORGET THAT AT MOORCROFT'S

You Can Find the Latest Styles In

Ladies & Children's Footwear

At Prices To Suit All.

12 Market Sq.

A GRAND AFFAIR.

The Ball of the Veterans of the War With Spain

Philbrick Hall Thronged With Brave Men and Beautiful Women.

Many Invited Guests Enjoy the Festivities of the Occasion.

The pomp and glitter of a military ball was seen in Philbrick hall on Friday evening, when a number of ex members of Company A, First New Hampshire volunteers, who went with the regiment to Chickamauga last summer, held a very successful dance, the effect of which was heightened by the brilliant uniforms of the officers and soldiers and the handsome gowns of the ladies.

Everything in and around the hall was suggestive of patriotism and of the recent war. Not much attempt had been made in the way of the decorating, but with flags and bunting, and the gold lace and buttons of the officers present, gave the scene on the floor a military aspect.

Officers from the navy yard and from the Battery at Fort Constitution, with the number of regimental officers present, added much to he dignity and eclat of the ball.

Joy & Philbrick's orchestra, especially augmented for the occasion, furnished music for the dance, and gave an excellent concert preceding the s[illegible] They were assisted at the concert [illegible] number of local vocalists and the [illegible]

The following is the complete programme:

1. March, "Independence"
2. Overture, "Fest."
3. Song, "The Holy City," Mrs. Percy B Frye.
4. Xylophone Solo, "The Secret," James Medcalf
5. Polonaise, "Inaugural."
6. Song, "'Mid the Green Fields of Virginia," Master Freeman Caswell
7. Medley, "Popular Kentucky."

The grand march was led by Captain Frank E. Little and Mrs. Charles S. Schrieter.

Then followed the rest of the officers, members of the company and invited guests, to the number of 200.

The officers of the ball were:

Floor Director, Musician J. Willard Kehoe;

Asst. Floor Directors, Private George Lane, Private John J. Kelly;

Aids, Captain Frank Little, First Sergeant George Snow, Q. M. Sergeant Wilbur B. Shaw, Sergeant William Mitchell, Corporal John Goodrich, Corporal Harry Foster, Cook George McPheters.

While the merry waltzes attracted the dancers to the floor, the scene from the balconies was one of much splendor, and the spectators were as loth to leave the ball room as the dancers them selves.

Among the guests present were the following: Col Robert L. Meade, U. S. M. C.; Lieut. Lowe, U S. M C., Lieut. Hatch of Battery M; First Lieut. Wallace McPheters of Company M. First Maine Heavy artillery; Captain Frank Little of Company A, First New Hampshire volunteers; Bert Holt, bandmaster of the First New Hampshire regiment; Corporal Beachmont, Company D, Claremont and Major General Tolles, state examining physician, of Nashua.

DO NOT BE FOOLED

With the idea that any preparation your druggist may put up and try to sell you will purify your blood like Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine has a reputation—it has earned its record. It is prepared under the personal supervision of educated pharmacists who know the nature, quality and medicinal effect of all the ingredients used. Hood's Sarsaparilla absolutely cures all forms of blood disease when other medicines fail to do any good. It is the World's great Spring Medicine and the One True Blood Purifier.

No To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists

TEA TABLE TALK.

Her eyes are as blue
As the summer blue sky—
As clear and as true
As the bright stars on high.
When the summer-blue sky is serene—
She's the peer of them all—
She's the belle of the ball—
The girl that I never have seen!

Her lips are like June,
In the scarlet and rose
Her voice has a tune
Like the brooklet that flows
Down the dell, when meadows are green:
She's sweeter than honey,
And rarer than money—
The girl that I never have seen!

O, I'd like a wee taste
Of her lips' ruby wine—
Around her trim waist
My arm I'd entwine.
I gladly would make her my queen!
But her songs and her smiles
Are away many miles—
For the girl that I never have seen
Remains but a vision, I ween!

A member of Gilman Marston command told me yesterday how many tickets for their May party and ball had already been sold, but I'm not going to write it down here, for you would think I was exaggerating. It is sufficient to say that the attendance will be so large as put a premium on standing room.

"Under the Red Robe," which come to Music hall a week from this evening gave splendid satisfaction in Dover on Thursday evening and did a phenomenal business.

Can Germany be so foolish as to stack up against the British lion and the American eagle? If she carries that same bluff too far, she may repent it bitterly. When the fighting blood of Yankee and Briton mingles against a common enemy, child's play ceases

I am told that the rainbow which spanned the west about five o'clock on Friday morning was one of the most beautiful ever witnessed hereabouts There wasn't a break in its whole arch and its colors were superb. We folks who have the lazy habit of staying in bed till eight or nine o'clock missed it's pretty spectacle.

Why can't we have the old receiving ship Franklin at this yard? She was built, launched and fitted out here in the good shipbuilding days of the past, and such honest work was done upon her that even now, after all these years, she is in excellent condition The Franklin is at Norfolk. She belongs here. Why not bring her back?

It was a pretty intelligent and attractive looking crowd of school ma'ams that invaded the city Friday. They did not act as if the cares of the school room weighed very heavily upon their shoulders

The April showers are not doing their duty. We haven't had one worthy of the name, and, as the consequence, Mayflowers are not appearing in large numbers.

It will be a disgrace to this city if a reception fitting the occasion is not given the Raleigh upon her arrival at this port. There ought to be enough public spirit in Portsmouth to arrange a notable program for the occasion.

An Epping resident told me yesterday that the union Fast day service in that town was attended by twenty-six persons, sixteen Congregationalists and ten Methodists. This is not a very satisfactory showing for a town of fifteen hundred inhabitants. And yet I do not doubt that it was an average case. Surely Governor Rollins did not shoot so far from the mark, after all.

Is Aguinaldo's "capital" made of bamboo, that he can move it so easily every day? Or is it merely a distorted imagination which he carries around under his straw hat? FOGG.

YORK

YORK, Apr. 15.

Sometimes during the festival at the town hall Wednesday evening a sneak thief in some unaccountable way gained access to the dressing room and abstracted two gold watches from a vest belonging to Herbert Grant who was taking part in the festival. Mr. Grant missed his property when dressing for the street, and then made known his loss to the remaining audience, offering a reward for their return. Wednesday morning the watches were found by Constable Preble and Ed. Thompson hid under a blind in front of the building where the conscience-smitten thief had placed them.

A WARNING.

Insurance Commissioner Linehan Tabooes Several Companies.

Insurance Commissioner Linehan makes the following statement concerning several companies:

To the insuring public—The Hartford Life Insurance company, which was licensed to do business in New Hampshire under the requirements of chapter 38, laws of 1897, providing for the admission of assessment life associations, having discontinued the transaction of assessment life business, has ceased doing business in New Hampshire from the 1st inst.

"The following companies and associations are not authorized to do business in New Hampshire this year, and cannot therefore legally issue certificates or policies;

"The Manhattan Fire Insurance company of New York, the National Life association of New Haven, Conn., the New England Mutual Accident association of Boston, the Wildey Casualty company of Boston

JOHN C. LINEHAN,
"Insurance Commisioner."

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Jane S. Hawkins.

Mrs. Jane S. Hawkins, widow of the late Samuel K. Hawkins, formerly of this city, died in Buckland, Mass., April 11th, aged eighty-nine years. The body was brought to this city on Friday afternoon and interred beside the body of her husband in Harmony Grove cemetery. Rev. Edward P. Robinson of Buckland, Mass, held committment services at the grave. The burial was in charge of H. W. Nickerson, funeral director.

UNDER THE RED ROBE

It is a genuine pleasure to announce to our amusement loving public that New York's greatest and most brilliant dramatic success which ran a season at the Empire Theatre will be the attraction here on April 22. The company headed by the distinguished romantic actor Mr. [illegible] Morris, is an unusually strong one selected in New York by Mr. Julius Cahn. All the atmosphere of Stanley Weyman's famous book is faithfully preserved and the persons of the story seem to have walked directly from the printed pages to the footlights The splendid interpretation of "Under The Red Robe" by this company has been enthusiastically admired everywhere and it is undoubtedly the most popular of all the romance plays seen in England or the United States for the past twenty years. The originality of its love story is most refreshing, The tide of sentiment being controlled by the young woman in the case, instead of a man, and the charm of all its brilliant scenes lying in the adventure and swaggerly cavaliers of the time in which it was written. "Under The Red Robe" has held its own against all new-comers in the romantic field and it is likely to remain the most important and fascinating historical play for a long time to come. The drama is to be mounted here by the original New York Empire Theatre scenic production.

SUPREME COURT.

In the supreme court on Friday the case of Nelson, the colored man, of Haverhill, Mass, against Ex Deputy Sheriff Carmi Norton of Derry for malicious prosecution, occupied nearly the whole day. Peters and Cole of Haverhill and Page and Bartlett of this city were for the plaintiff, and G. K. and B. T. Bartlett, and Eastman for the defendant. The jury brought in a verdict for the plaintiff for $248

The jury was empanelled and the counsel opened in the case of Healey against Fellows, et. als, of Raymond, in which W. H. Drury for the plaintiff and S. W. Emery and J. T. Bartlett for the defendant, were opposing counsel.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm:

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.;

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

GREENLAND

GREENLAND, N. H., April, 15.

Mr. Herbert A. Tuttle is home from Concord visiting his father.

We noticed that the grand jury had indicted a man in Portsmouth for impersonating an officer and for carrying concealed weapons. We are very glad to hear it and hope he will be punished accordingly, for it is time that some of these freakish actions were put a stop to. We also noticed that Marshal Entwistle had ordered the policemen to keep the loafers on Congress street in moving. We hope that the movement will be strictly enforced.

The sick horse belonging to Hon. John French that was spoken of in last night's HERALD is alive and improving. He was kept in E. Pearson's barn all night where the driver, Mr. Scott Akerly and Dr. Archie Crowell attended him. Yesterday morning Dr. Pope visited the horse and had it removed to Mr. French's stable in North Hampton.

Mr. Edward Hughes who has been sick with pneumonia, was out yesterday for the first time since his sickness.

Miss Lois Beck, teacher at the South school, and Miss Lillian Chapman of the Northern school were in Portsmouth yesterday attending the teacher's institute.

Buy one and be satisfied.

It was told to to me last night that the correspondent for another evening paper had resigned. Well I don't know.

The bids for tax collector in this town was opened yesterday. Some folks are on the anxious seat concerning the appointment, but we all can't play on the velvet.

The writer noticed that there are some smart and gentlemanly appearing boys attending the Northern district school in this town. Among the most obliging and gentlemanly boys we noticed Master Edwin Brackett and Elmer Wiggin, who always cheerfully and willingly respond to the commands of their parents and elders. Keep on boys and you will make two noble men.

There came very near being a serious accident last night between two teams on the Stratham road. The teams were driven by Mr. George Pearson of Greenland and Mr. James Perkins of Rye. It seems that Mr. Perkins was driving quite fast and nearly in the middle of the road. If it had not been for the presence of mind of Mr. Perkins without a doubt some one would have been hurt but Mr. Perkins stopped after they had locked wheels and nothing was damaged.

Mr. Johnnie Pottle we beleive to be the most original man in town.

Mr Alonzo Johnson has returned to his home in Center harbor after a short visit with his brother Mr. Charles Johnson of this town.

Hon. John Hatch returned home last night and will stop over Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Morse, saleman for Dr. Daniels veterinary medicines was in town yesterday

R. Fay and lady friend were in town yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Wallace Marston an employe of the Portsmouth shoe company spent the night with his sister, Mrs. Charles Eastman.

The grass in front of Hon. John Hatch's house is getting to be quite green the first green grass that the writer has seen this spring.

The boys last evening were very anxious to see the HERALD for they knew it would contain the score of the ball game played here Fast day. The HERALD will be on sale at the post office every evening and will contain the scores of all the ball games played this summer.

AROUND THE STATE.

A hearing was held in the supreme court room at Dover yesterday to determine whether or not Edgar B. Ham, a young man who has recently come into possession of about $30,000 worth of property, is capable of managing the same. Several of Ham's relatives say that he is incapable of handling the property and ask to have a guardian appointed. Ham claims that he is perfectly able to manage his own affairs and select his own guardian if he sees fit to have one. The case is being heard before three referees, the Rev. G. B. Merritt, Fred M. Varney and Dr. A. K. P. Harvey, all of Somersworth, Lawyers William F. Nason and W. S. Pierce appear for Ham, while Gunnison and Felker appear for the relatives. The case is creating considerable interest.

Charges have been preferred against Alfred D. Martin, special delivery messenger and a substitute clerk at the Manchester postoffice. These charges embrace three specifications: First, neglect of duty; second, contracting bills with no probability of paying them; third, seeking and obtaining credit under the name of another person

Patrick Kennelly, an operative, 34 years old, residing at 36 Lake avenue, Manchester, met with a frightful accident in the lower railroad yard early Friday morning, which resulted fatally about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. As soon as he was discovered, the victim removed to the Eliot hospital where his injuries were attended to and every possible effort was made to relieve his sufferings and save the man's life.

Rev. W. H. Hall of Kittery, Me., will preach at the Free Baptist church, Newmarket, Sunday morning.

CITY BRIEFS

A small cur dog enjoyed a full blooded fit on the corner of Vaughan and Congress streets this forenoon, attracting quite a crowd.

The horse of John E. Milton, the Christian Shore grocer, fell on Church street this noon time and broke out of the shafts to the delivery wagon.

Two Maine couples arrived in town today and were driven to the city building where City Clerk Marcy made them happy by issuing marriage licenses.

A teachers' institute will be held at Concord on Friday and Saturday, April 28 and 29 Robert M. Brown of this city will speak on "Commercial Course in High Schools."

RECEPTION POSTPONED.

Because of the inability of Rev. Wm. Warren to reach this city on Monday evening from the Methodist conference, the parishioners of the Portsmouth church are obliged to postpone the reception to the pastor and his wife from that evening to Wednesday evening.

"Little Colds." Thousands of lives sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures little colds, cures big colds too, down to the very verge of consumption.

LARGEST STOCK OF

Ladies', Gents' and Children's Shoes

In the City—Russets and Black.

We carry none but the best grades for the price:

Men's.....from $1.25 to $4.00
Ladies'..... " 1.00 " [illegible]
Boys'..... " 1.00 " [illegible]

"Queen Quality"—[illegible]

O. FRED DU[illegible]

ON THE SQUA[illegible]

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Rescue of a Starving Man.

Famishing in the midst of plenty this sufferer was helped by the suggestion of a neighbor, whose advice applies equally well to thousands of other men and women.

This account of a man's escape from death is written to benefit people who have no appetite.

There are thousands dying like this man, surrounded by plenty, because, although they want to eat, they have no desire for food.

Instances of people who starve to death are not at all uncommon.

When the stomach loses the craving for food, and the power to digest it, the body is starved and death results, either directly or indirectly, from this cause.

The recovery of George Marshall, Jr., will interest many. He told the story at his home, No. 19 Norwich Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

"Last spring," he said, "my whole system was affected with inflammatory rheumatism. I was painted with iodine, to relieve my intense suffering.

"After three months I got better, but was so feeble I could hardly lift an arm or leg.

"My stomach shared in this weakness. I had lost all desire for food.

"I could eat no nourishing food. It soon became plain that, at this rate, I would never recover my health.

"For days I would take practically no nourishment.

"I was starving to death!

"My parents were greatly alarmed, expecting that I would have a relapse. My mother prepared special dishes to tempt my appetite, but I could not eat them.

"I began to be alarmed at my condition.

"The change for the better in my health began on the day when I first took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

"They were recommended to my mother by a neighbor, who knew of some marvellous cures they had effected.

"My strength gradually returned, as the pills gave me an appetite, and I once more ate nourishing food with a keen relish.

"In a short time I resumed my work, as a news agent, on the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad."

Mr. Marshall added that he gave his experience with the hope that it would be of help to some man or woman afflicted as he was.

"Now," he said, in conclusion, "I eat three or four square meals every day," and his appearance gave evidence that this was true.

The action of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People upon the blood and nerves produce the happy result described in the case of Mr. Marshall. They produce a healthy, natural stimulation, a craving for nourishment, and the power to convert it into healthy nerve and flesh.

The pure, powerful vegetable ingredients in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People supply the antidote for poisonous matter in the blood and add those elements needed to build up body and brain.

They are for sale by all druggists. One box for 50 cents, or six boxes for $2.50.

A Large Line Of

THE FINEST NEW YORK STYLES FOR SPRING SUITING.

W. P. WALKER

Can Show You The Most Comple'e Stock To Be Had In The Citv.

Look Over His Stock.

THE HOUSE CLEANING SEASON

HAVING ARRIVED THE QUESTION NOW IS WHO SHALL I GET TO DO MY PAINTING, PAPER HANGING, WHITEWASHING, ETC.

J. HOWARD CROVER

Does excellent work and you will make no mistake by calling on him. He guarantees satisfaction, and you will find a comp'ete stock of Wall Papers. Goods are all new and prices are the lowest. Estimates furnished on all kinds of work. Don't forget the place,

J. HOWARD CROVER

19 AUSTIN STREET.

IF YOU ONCE WEAR

THE AURORA KID BUTTON SHOE

You Will Wear No Other,

- Price, $3.00, -

EQUAL TO ANY $3.50 OR $4.00 SHOE

GREEN & GOULD Sole Agents

6 & 8 Congress Street.

It is worth seeing our miniature and complete workin shoe factory. The finest machinery built

We do all kinds of repairing at short notice.

THE ISTHMUS OF PANAMA.

Benefits to Commerce Which Will Follow the Opening of the Canal.

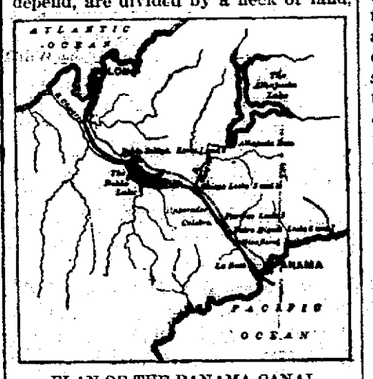
WILL OPEN NEW FIELDS.

Only Forty Miles Divide the Two Great Highways of Commerce.

Reasons Given for the Construction of This Great Junction of the Seas—Reports of Mortality on Isthmus Greatly Exaggerated—Colored Laborers Can Work the Year Round Without Danger.

The case for the severance of the isthmus which unites the northern and southern American continents and thus divides the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans, is presented by a glance at the map of the Western Hemisphere, and, to the mind of one capable of discerning the trend of events in the days in which we live, is established by a study of the same map.

The Atlantic and Pacific form the two great highways of the planet. To them all others are subsidiary—adjuncts, or in the relationship of attenuated extensions—whatever their character, their dimensions or their positions. At the Central American isthmus these two great through routes upon which the commerce of the world and the progress of the nations depend, are divided by a neck of land,



PLAN OF THE PANAMA CANAL.

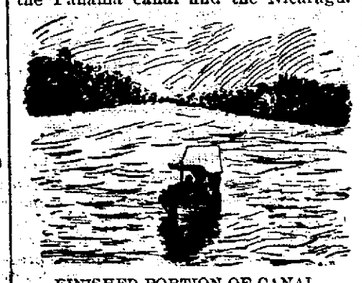
which, at any rate on one of the proposed lines of severance, is but forty miles in width—but five miles longer than the channel excavated by local enterprise for the Manchester ship canal.

If it were necessary to emphasize by any particular claim of special advantage, the general benefit to commerce which would most certainly follow the opening of the inter-oceanic canal, we would base that particular claim, not upon the shortening of the distance between the eastern and western seaboards of the United States, or upon the political gain to accrue from the reduction of distance between the naval outfitting ports on the northern Atlantic and the Philippine islands—though these results would be important—but on the effect which would be produced upon the tropical districts of the west by the construction and working of the canal.

There are other reasons for the construction of this great junction of the seas—reasons so many and so weighty that they have impressed men of perspicacity and enterprise for generations past, from Hernando Cortes to Ferdinand de Lesseps; men who were in advance of their time, men who saw clearly when other men were blind, men who agreed as to the necessity for the junction, but who differed as to the manner in which it should be effected.

Out of their differences rose the different schemes propounded from time to time; for a canal on the Darien line; for a canal on the Panama line; for a waterway (formed of junction canals at either extremity and of an existing inland sea) on the Nicaragua line; for a ship railway on the Tehuantepec line, which was the project of the late Captain Eads; and others of lesser importance.

Of these schemes but two survive—the Panama canal and the Nicaragua



FINISHED PORTION OF CANAL.

waterway—and their respective promoters and supporters struggle for the mastery.

The termini of the canals are Colon on the Atlantic coast and Panama on the Pacific. A line joining these two points would run approximately northwest and southeast. The distance between them is 42 miles measured as the crows fly, and 46½ miles, measured on the line of the canal.

It is commonly reported that, in the course of the construction of the Panama railroad, which was carried out by an American company, and of which the route is nearly identical with that of the proposed canal, the laying of a sleeper or tie and the burying of a Chinaman were operations which were conducted concurrently by the constructing company. There is much of picturesque exaggeration about the statement, but undoubtedly the mortality was very heavy in those days, as it was also in the days of the old canal company.

It has been proved by trial that colored laborers can work all the year around in the isthmus; that, of the number employed, at least 97 per cent. may be expected to be at work in perfect health at one time; that yellow fever and the other dread ailments of tropical swamps are not indigenous to Panama; and that, with ordinary care, Europeans may live there for years together without experiencing, by the fact of such residence, any serious increase of the peril of death in which all men always stand.—The Engineering Magazine.

SACK OF PORT-AU-PRINCE.

How Morgan's Buccaneers Fought Into a Haytian City.

When the fleet arrived at the nearest Haytian harbor, writes Frank R. Stockton, Morgan, the pirate, landed his men and marched toward the town, but he did not succeed in making a secret attack, as he had hoped. A Spanish prisoner had let himself drop overboard, and, swimming ashore, had warned the Governor of the attack. Thus prepared, this able commander marched a body of soldiers along the road by which the pirates must come, and when he found a suitable spot he built a formidable barricade. Behind this his soldiers were posted with their muskets and their cannon.

But when Morgan came within sight of this barricade, he considered that it would be entirely unnecessary to attempt to disturb the admirable defense, so he marched his men into the woods, led them entirely around the barricade, and came out upon a wide plain before the town.

Here he found that he would have to fight his way into the city and probably much to his surprise his men were presently charged by a body of cavalry.

The pirates routed the horsemen, and, after a fight of about four hours, took possession of the town. Here they captured a great many prisoners, whom they shut up in the churches, and then sent detachments out into the country to look for those who had run away. Then these utterly debased and cruel men took their usual course after capturing a town; they pillaged, feasted, and rioted. Even when the poor citizens seemed to have given up everything they owned, they were told that if they did not pay two heavy ransoms they would be carried away into slavery, and that their town would be burned.

For two weeks the pirates waited for the unfortunate people to go out into the country and find some of their fellow-citizens who had escaped with a portion of their treasure. In those days people did not keep their wealth in banks as they do now, but every man was the custodian of most of his own possessions, and when they fled from the visitation of an enemy they took with them everything of value that they could carry. Before the citizens returned Morgan made a discovery; a negro was taken who was carrying letters from the Governor of Santiago, a neighboring city, to some of the citizens of Port-au-Prince, telling them not to be in too great a hurry to pay the ransom, because he was coming with a strong force to their assistance. When Morgan read these letters, he changed his mind and thought it would be a wise thing not to stay in that region any longer than could be helped. So he decided not to wait for the unfortunate citizens to collect the heavy ransom he demanded, but told them that if they would furnish him with five hundred head of cattle, and also supply salt and help prepare the meat for shipment, he would make no further demands upon them. This, of course, the citizens were glad enough to do, and the bucaneers sailed away.

Oversees Colorado Schools.

Women are at the fore in educational matters in Colorado. Out of the fifty-nine counties in the State twenty-seven have women superintendents of schools, and every school board has from one to two women members. In fact, the entire department is in the hands of the fair sex, to whom United States Commissioner Harris was able to say recently: "The Colorado schools are the model schools of the country." At the head of this system is Professor Grace Espy Patton of Denver, State Superintendent of Instruction.

Not only has she become widely known as the first woman to hold the high position of State Superintendent of Public Instruction, but in recognition of her splendid services she has won a new honor of a national character. Professor Patton goes to Chattanooga, Tenn., to attend the national convention of the State superintendents of public instruction, over which masculine assemlage she has been invited to be presiding officer. Professor Patton, who is barely old enough to hold her present position, has gathered about her in Denver a clever coterie of feminine assistants. The efficiency of her work has been generally recognized.

The Cow Was Homesick.

The cow has long been regarded as an unemotional creature. But in a town "down on the banks of the Wabash" there is one who establishes the bovine claim to fine feelings.

Dr. Smith, of the Wabash place, bought her from a Miami County farmer and brought her home. When she reached her new stable she refused to enter it. After a while she was persuaded to do so, but she refused to eat and gave up her time to melancholy reflection.

Of course this told upon her health and she soon ceased to give milk. No one could guess what the matter was except an old farm hand.

"That cow's homesick," said he.

The ailing animal was returned to Miami County and forthwith became the sprightliest of her kind and regained her reputation as "a good milker" at once.

A Fortune For Clothes.

Suit has been brought against one of Baltimore's leading society men by his London tailors for $5,064.50 for clothes. Nearly eighty separate garments are mentioned in the itemized bill, all of which were purchased within a period of two months. It costs money to be thoroughly "English y' know."

THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Entire Group Unquestionably Result of Volcanic Upheaval From Ocean's Bed

ARE DEVOID OF MINERALS

Notable Facts About Some of the Mountains Which Tower Thousands of Feet.

The Beautiful City of Honolulu—The Avenue of Royal Palms—Ancient and Modern Residences—No Fires Needed for Warmth and Comfort—The Cultivation of Sugar and Rice.

The recent acquisition of the Hawaiian group of islands and their incorporation as an integral part of the territory of the United States invest them with a peculiar interest. No doubt before long the American people generally will become as familiar with all the facts of Hawaiian life and history as with any portion of our country. Although these islands are believed to have been inhabited for more than a hundred years the turning point in their history was their discovery by the white man more than 120 years ago. The future of these islands will obviously be of American make. But there is very much that is unusually interesting in the origin, the soil, the climate, and the natural products of these islands as well as in the occupations and habits of the native islanders. The entire group is unquestionably the result of a volcanic upheaval from the ocean bed, and the only original soil of Hawaii was pure lava. This volcanic product, thrown up by what was undoubtedly a series of successions of sub-oceanic convulsions, took the form at first of vast rugged mountain ranges, which still remain in most impressive form in several of the islands. These masses of lava cooled and became a sort of rock which, singularly enough, has nowhere in it any trace of mineral matter. With the single exception of sulphur, no mineral substance has been found on Hawaiian soil. These lava mountain ranges are rough, broken and precipitous, and in many places impassible. In some instances they rise to mountain peaks of great height, the highest, Mauna Loa and Mauna Kea, in Hawaii, rising about 13,000 feet; Haleakala's summit, in Maui, is 10,000 feet above sea level. The peaks of the Pali and Tantalus, in Oahu, are nearly 4,000 feet in height.

A notable fact about some of these Hawaiian mountains is that they continue with the same abruptness to a

AVENUE OF ROYAL PALMS.

great distance below the ocean's surface. Soundings taken have proved that the Mauna Loa really extends downward at least three miles below the sea at a distance only three and a half miles from the shore, giving the entire mountain, from base to crest, an altitude of almost six miles. Immense coral reefs girt the islands in many places, rising sometimes eighty feet above sea level.

Along the seashore the combination of lava soil and marine deposit has made a soil which is phenomenally productive in sugar cane, rice, the native taro root, bananas and coconnuts. The city of Honolulu is almost literally a city in a garden. It is so embowered in the richness of its foliage of palms, cocoanut trees, umbrella, "monkey pod," fig and algeroba, and other trees of tropic and semi-tropic growth that from the Pali summit, or the "Punchbowl," the buildings and streets are scarcely visible for the palm trees that flourish there; the most beautiful and imposing of them is the "Royal Palm." One of the finest of Honolulu's streets is the Avenue of Royal Palms.

Honolulu has very many spacious and handsome residences of modern construction. The dwellings of the natives, however, known as "grass houses," were built of bamboo frame work, the sides inclosed and the roof thatched entirely with the grasses which are found in great abundance in the islands. These houses had usually no windows, and only one wide doorway. As no fires are ever needed for warmth and comfort, they were of course, without chimneys. The only furniture, or fittings, required were the heaps of grass-woven mats which made the beds. The native Hawaiians had no use for chairs or tables.

The cultivation of sugar and rice has been remarkably profitable on the low lands along the seacoast in many parts of the islands, and sugar plantations in southern Hawaii are found at a considerable elevation above the sea. The fertility of the Hawaiian soil is shown by the fact that its sugar cane product is more than double per acre that of Louisana or Cuba.

The Hawaiian Islands, if all the arable lands are placed under cultivation, are capable of sustaining a population of at least a million, probably more. Now that they have become an integral part of the United States, it is almost certain that in the near future there will be a rapid and very profitable utilization of these hitherto unused lands, which will result in a vast increase of the population of Hawaii and in enhancing her commercial importance.

WAKE ISLAND AWAKENED.

Old Glory Hoisted Over a Little Piece of Territory in Mid-Pacific.

The conditions under which Wake Island, midway between Honolulu and the Philippines, was taken possession of in the name of the United States by the commander of the Bennington on her voyage across the Pacific are given in a report to the Navy Department from Commander Taussig.

The officer says he approached the island with the navigator at the mast head, steaming slowly along the southern and eastern sides to discover signs of habitation, and looking in vain for an anchorage. He did not circumnavigate the island, but seeing that the outlet on the north was barred not only by a wall of coral but also by a sand pit, he returned to the lee of the island. A landing was made and a flag pole was raised. Besides some pieces of wreckage, no signs of human occupation were visable. On the eastern side of the island, imbedded in the sand, an anchor was seen and what appeared to be the wreck of a lower mast was higher up the beach.

When the flag staff was in place the sailors were formed in two ranks facing seaward, and having called all to witness that the island was not in possession of any other nation, Commander Taussig ordered the American flag to be raised by Ensign Wettengell. Upon reaching the truck the flag was saluted by twenty one guns from the Bennington. After the salute the flag was nailed to the masthead with battens, and a brass plate with the following inscription was screwed to the base of the flagstaff:

"United States of America, William McKinley, President; John D. Long, Secretary of the Navy; Commander Edward D. Taussig, U. S. Navy, Commanding the U. S. S. Bennington, this 17th day of January, 1899, took possession of the Atoll known as Wake Island for the United States of America."

Commander Taussig describes the island thus: It was more heavily wooded than shown in the chart. Patches of grass were growing on the lagoon side of the western islet, and the shrubbery afforded nesting places for the many sea fowl. Fish were plentiful in the lagoon, and there was a swift current running out of the southern passage. The lagoon on the south side was shoal, but on the north side there was a long strip of deep blue water extending nearly its whole length. Outside the lagoon many sharks were seen crowding around our boats and around the ships.

"Had I been able to find an anchorage, I would have remained in this vicinity two or three days to reconnoitre more thoroughly the island and to take astronomical and magnetic observations, but, having carried out the orders of the department, I took my departure for Guam."

Puerto Rico Tobacco.

Home-made, molasses-soaked plug tobacco, in ropes a hundred feet long, is one of the primitive wonders of the island. On any market day one may see the tobacco man with his little table piled up with bad cigars black as your hat, so green that you may wring water from them, and so cheap that a silver dollar will buy out his stock in trade; but the thing which catches the eye is the cylinders, eighteen inches high by six in breadth, made up, you would swear, from bights of hawsers soaked in tar, but in reality chewing tobacco. Try it once and quit. A tobacco-chewing Jackey from Georgia, with a day ashore at Ponce, volunteered the information: "Yes, Suh, that's the most pow'ful stuff I ever stowed in my wisdom teeth. Yes, Suh, that's right." I agreed with him.

Smoking is almost universal in Puerto Rico, the cigar and the cigarette being alternated by most natives without any apparent preference. The better classes of the women seem never to use tobacco in any form, and to one accustomed to seeing the dainty fingers of Mexican senoritas hold lighted cigarettes after the black coffee is served somehow something is lacking in the familiar ensemble of tropical home life.

The peasant woman dearly loves her black cigar, and a sight which arouses risibility is the common one of a huge black aunty rolling down the centre of a street, burdened with head-balanced load heavy enough for a horse, placidly smoking an inky cigar of able proportions, whose clouds of smoke enshroud her head and waft into her contented half-closed eyes. Envy her. She has only half enough to eat, but is rich in the soothing of nectar nicotine.—Harper's Weekly.

Sign Umbrellas.

The sign umbrellas seen in front of stores where umbrellas are sold are commonly of cloth, though made in a very considerable variety of colors and combinations of colors, and sometimes in place of sign umbrellas there are used for the same purpose balloon-shaped contrivances of cloth. In front of retail establishments where umbrellas form but an item of the stock, as, for instance, men's furnishing goods stores, the umbrella sign goes out only in rainy or threatening weather, to call attention to the fact that there umbrellas are sold; the sign in this case is like the sign of rubber shoes set out in like circumstances in front of shoe stores. Such sign umbrellas are commonly supplied by wholesale dealers to their customers.

The wholesale dealer is likely to keep sign umbrellas or other accepted umbrella emblems flying all the time, as do also the establishments selling at retail umbrellas exclusively, of which there are not very many. At such an establishment, however, the sign permanently displayed may be of rather more elaborate and costly character than those more commonly used, being perhaps not a folding umbrella, but one made of metal, with the inside painted and the top gilded—a gold umbrella.

"All great works are written by famous men between the ages of forty and sixty."

"Yes; by that time their children are big enough to play out of doors."—Chicago Record.

"What a delicate little woman your wife is!"

"Delicate! Do you know that 47 muscles are called into play when the human voice is used?—Chicago Record.

ARMY AND NAVY TITLES.

Names by Which Officers and the Different Stations of Army and Navy are Known.

When everybody is interested in the movements of the army and navy, the average reader is not unlikely to become confused with the multiplicity of terms and titles employed in the newspapers. He may make the mistake, for instance, of thinking that a captain in the navy is the equal in rank of of a captain in the infantry, or that a captain in the infantry is a bigger man than a naval lieutenant. He may be interested to know that there are two kinds of squadrons, one which runs on land and one which travels on the water; that a regiment of artillery consists of 12 batteries of six guns each, and that a regiment of cavalry is composed of 12 troops, two or more of which form a squadron. The relative ranks of the officers of the army and navy and the divisions in the formation of these two branches of the service are as follows:

ARMY.

General, or commander-in-chief.
Lieutenant-general.
Major-general.
Brigadier-general.
Colonel.
Lieutenant-colonel.
Major.
Captain.
First-lieutenant.
Second-lieutenant.

NAVY.

Admiral.
Vice-admiral.
Rear-admiral.
Commodore.
Captain.
Commander.
Lieutenant-commander.
Lieutenant.
Master.
Ensign.

DIVISIONS OF THE ARMY.

Squad—A subdivision of a company, commanded by sergeant or corporal.

Platoon—Half of a company, commanded by a lieutenant.

Company—Not more than 100 men, commanded by a captain.

Battalion—Four companies, commanded by a major.

Regiment—Three battalions, commanded by a colonel.

Brigade—Two or more regiments, commanded by a brigadier-general.

Division—Two or more brigades, commanded by a major-general.

Corps—Two or more divisions, commanded by a lieutenant-general.

DIVISIONS OF THE NAVY.

Squadron—A detachment of a fleet employed on any particular service.

Flotilla—A fleet of small vessels.

Fleet—A large number of war vessels under one commander.

Lazy Man's Paradise.

"In a late sojourn in Honduras," says a traveller, "I came to the conclusion that it was a paradise for lazy men. Everything grows luxuriantly with but little labor on the part of the natives, and many crops do not need replanting more than once in eight or ten years. The country offers fine inducements to enterprising men, but it is hard on a white man used to civilized ways to go down there and dwell among an ignorant lot of natives who are 100 years behind the times. A man would have no congenial society, and might as well be an exile. The natives usually live in bamboo houses, though in the towns the dwellings are of adobe. Children go naked for the first two or three years of their life, and the attire of the adults is rather scant. The Government is liberal with concessions in order to encourage development of the country's resources, but there is no general rule governing the granting of privileges; it all depends on how good a bargain may be driven. The climate is very salubrious, and laziness is about the only prevailing disease."

What Opium Costs.

San Francisco is the banner port of this country for the importation of opium for smoking purposes. The importation last year aggregated 121,401 pounds, and the duty of $3 per pound amounted to $723,406. The drug was in the form prepared exclusively for smoking, and is not available for other uses. It comes in half-pound boxes, put up very much like spices and pepper. It is a dark brown, sticky substance, like New Orleans molasses in appearance. All smoking opium comes from China. The drug in its medicinal form is imported from Turkey.

American Oars.

The oars exported to European countries are chiefly of lengths from ten feet upward. Oars of shorter lengths they supply themselves. To Australia the United States send oars of all lengths, and the same is true of South Africa. Up and down the coast of South America none but American oars are used, and in any harbor in the world where a man is seen rowing a boat, in China, Japan, anywhere, it is more than likely that he is pulling with American oars.

Grace Duly Said.

The little 4-year-old daughter of a minister was visiting and at dinner found the carving was about to begin without the customary grace. Calling out loudly, "Wait a minute," she folded her hands and, bowing her head, repeated "Now I lay me," etc., all the way through. This done she raised her head and, waving her hand to the carver, said: "Now you can let her go."

Storage of Bicycles.

Frankfort and Paris pawnbrokers have found it necessary to enlarge their premises for the storage of bicycles. The Paris municipality has voted $2,800 to convert one of the halls at the Mont de Piete into a bicycle storeroom.

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CROKER A WITNESS.

Leader of Tammany Before the Mazet Committee.

BIG CROWD ANXIOUS TO HEAR HIM.

Spicy Answer Given in Answer to Questions [illegible] of Attorney Moss.

New York, April 14.—The Mazet investigating committee resumed its sessions here today. The investigation of the city government has so far been confined chiefly to the police and building departments, and to efforts to ascertain the extent of the influence exercised by Richard Croker. The understanding that Mr. Croker would himself take the witness stand today caused a thrill of anticipation and expectation that is scarcely likely to be exceeded at any of the future sessions. Mr. Croker had been subpoenaed.

He leaves for Europe next week. The anxiety of the curious to get into the rooms of the board of trade, where the Mazet body is sitting, was not well rewarded, for the committee's present quarters are scarcely more than large enough to accommodate those directly connected with the inquiry.

Justice Levintritt of the supreme court, immediately upon the commencement of the proceedings, addressed the members of the committee, stating that he had been called there to testify, and that the business of his court was suffering thereby. He asked for immediate examination. Mr. Moss excused the justice until further notice.

Then the name of Richard Croker was called. The Tammany hall leader was sworn.

"You live at the Democratic club, do you not?" asked Mr. Moss.

"Yes, sir," said Mr. Croker.

"You are the leader of the political organization generally known as Tammany Hall, are you not?"

"I don't know that I am."

"Generally considered to be, are you not?" asked Mr. Moss suavely.

"Well," said Mr. Croker, "I ain't talking for myself. If others say I am, I am."

Mr. Croker agreed with Mr. Moss that the government of city and country depended upon the existence of political parties.

Mr. Moss asked Mr. Croker if the leadership generally accorded to him was not based largely upon the fact that he had the reputation of being a truthful man. Mr. Croker said he tried to be a truthful man. Mr. Moss was asking Mr. Croker a number of somewhat uninteresting questions regarding the organization of Tammany hall, when Mr. Croker suddenly interrupted him and said sharply: "It is not necessary to bring all that up, that which everybody knows. There is no use playing to the galleries; there is no use making speeches. We all know everything that has been said. We know that I am the leader of the party, and I acknowledge it, and that all these people are my friends, and that I am going to stick to them all the time."

There was a roar of applause as Mr. Croker finished this sentence. Chairman Mazet rapped for silence. Rather sarcastically Mr. Moss said the applause was all right and that he hoped the chairman would allow it once in a while. It did not disconcert him.

"Just give me good straight talk," went on Mr. Croker. "That is all. I am talking good straight talk and that is all I want. All these gentlemen know that I am considered the leader. All these gentlemen are my friends. You have taken half an hour for nothing. What is the use of that?"

"We will try and accommodate you, Mr. Croker," replied the counsel.

Mr. Croker said that he gave the prominent Tammany hall Democrats "a certain amount of advice and direction."

Sometimes they followed it, sometimes they did not. Most of them followed it.

Mr. Moss read a list of the Tammany sachems. Mr. Croker admitted that all or nearly all of them held prominent positions in the city government.

The witness could not recall any officer of the city government upon whose selection his advice had not been asked. He maintained, however, that they were not his personal selections, but had been chosen by himself and his immediate associates.

Once in a while Mr. Croker met these gentlemen and consulted over the affairs of the city and of their departments. Mr. Moss drew Mr. Croker's attention to an interview in which the Tammany hall leader was credited with saying that the Mazet committee was "all a case of spite on the part of the Republican members of the legislature."

Mr. Croker said he made that statement, and it was still his opinion. Mr. Croker said he had been interested in the matter of the Amsterdam avenue "grab" and also in the matter of the Astoria gas bill. He had tried to give the people what they wanted. He had introduced the Rev. John P. Peters, one of the leaders of the Amsterdam avenue movement to Senator Grady, leader of the Democratic minority. Mr. Croker had asked Grady to do what he could. He had not "directed" him.

Mr. Croker admitted that at a meeting of the executive committee of Tammany Hall he had given out the directions that the Tammany members of the municipal assembly must pay more attention to their work and be present in their seats to pass upon the matters pending. Mr. Moss tried to bring out that Mr. Croker's anxiety about the alleged neglect of business was due to the fact that he wished quick action upon bridge and building code resolutions which were before the assembly. Mr. Croker said that was not the object of his directions, Mr. Croker said that he had no more control over matters political "than any other citizen who is recognized and who is liked and who is respected."

"Do you know of any other citizen who has had his wishes respected as you have?" asked Mr. Moss.

"Some have," said Mr. Croker, but he could not recall their names at the present time.

"Others have their influence," he added.

"Probably not to such an extent."

"So that at the present time your influence politically is larger than the influence of any other man that you know of," insisted Mr. Moss.

"I probably have more," said Mr. Croker.

Mr. Croker said that as chairman of the finance committee of Tammany Hall he could not tell anything much about the contributions to the campaign funds. The finance committee very seldom had a meeting. He rendered no account of the monies received and disbursed by him as chairman, all the money received for political use in Tammany, passed through the hands of John McQuad, treasurer of the organization. Mr. Moss asked if candidates for judicial office had not contributed amounts ranging from $10,000 to $15,000.

"They have paid some," said Mr. Croker, but nothing like the amount Mr. Moss mentioned. They might have paid as much as $7000 or $8000."

Mr. Croker said the organization assessments of candidates was usual, but not compulsory.

Mr. Croker said he believed the organization in control should have all the offices in every department—judicial, executive, administrative.

"And that is why you have the emblem of the tiger, who has a large mouth and is constantly eating?" queried Mr. Moss.

"That was so when we put you off the police force," answered Mr. Croker grimly.

Mr. Moss asked why he had been displaced as president of the police board, and Mr. Croker replied: "I did not approve of you politically."

Mr. Moss had done his work all right, he said, but his politics were at fault.

Mr. Croker said his partner in the real estate business was Peter F. Meyer, who was also connected with the Dock board.

Mr. Moss tried to bring out that judicial sales had been given to Mr. Croker's real estate firm on account of the political influence of the witness.

Mr. Croker said he knew that at the present time his firm had nearly all of the judicial sales.

"So that, if you have a controlling voice in the affairs of the party," asked Mr. Moss, "and secure the nomination of true men you may be sure that at least in the real estate exchange and in the firm of Meyer & Croker, you will, as a true Democrat, get some of that profit?"

"We at least expected to be befriended," said Mr. Croker.

"Then you are working for your own pocket?"

"All the time, the same as you are," replied the witness.

"It is to the party belongs the spoils," added Mr. Croker.

"And to the boss belongs the lion's share of the plunder?" sneered Mr. Moss.

"No plunder, no!" said Mr. Croker. "You can call it whatever you like. Because men are loyal to us, you call that plunder. When you send your bill in for the work you are doing here for the legislature, you might as well call that plunder."

Again there was clapping of hands and shouts of "Good boy, Croker!"

Mr. Mazet said he would clear the hall if the applause again occurred.

Mr. Moss said: "Then you are working for money largely as boss of Tammany hall?"

"No, I do not; I am no boss," insisted Mr. Croker. "I want to get my living."

"From plunder," urged the lawyer.

"No, not from plunder, nor from spoils, either!"

BUSINESS MAN GONE.

Salem, Mass., April 14.—James F. Almy, senior member of the dry goods firm of Almy, Bigelow & Washburn, and one of the most prominent citizens of this place, committed suicide by hanging some time during the night. He was 60 years of age and a native of Adams, Mass. He came to this city when a youth. He was prominent in state and city affairs, having been a councilman, member of the school committee, water commissioner and representative to the legislature for two terms. He was a director in the Merchants' bank, Pettis Dry Goods company of Indianapolis, Lamson Cash Carrier company, Wesleyan association, Zion's Herald, Salem Electric Lighting company, trustee of Boston university, and president of the Hamilton Campmeeting association. He had been twice married. He leaves a widow and three children. Mental bereavement is assigned as the cause for the act.

HELD FOR A HEARING.

Bristol, R. I., April 14.—Edward Horn, who was brought here last night from New York, where he was arrested as a fugitive from justice, was arraigned in the district court this morning, charged with obtaining $450 under false pretenses from the National India Rubber company. Horn was employed by the company, and it is alleged he obtained the money by making fictitious entries in the pay-roll. He pleaded not guilty, and was held in $800 for a further hearing on Monday next.

BLOW AT GREATER CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 14.—The greater Chicago resolution was beaten in the Illinois house of representatives, but Greater Chicago is not defeated. The plan now is to organize a committee of 100 representative men of Chicago to carry on an active campaign which shall familiarize the people of Chicago, Cook county and the state with the advantage of governmental consolidation and show exactly what is proposed by the advocates of the resolution.

SILVER CHESS TROPHY.

New York, April 14.—Professor Isaac L. Rice of this city has promised to provide a chess trophy for the annual competition between American and British universities, the first award to be made to the winner of the contest to be played on Friday and Saturday of next week. The trophy will probably take the form of a silver shield, emblematic of the game of chess.

TRIED HIS OWN CASE.

Boston, April 14.—John Johnson, a negro, charged with larceny of clothing valued at $400, was found not guilty by a jury in the superior court here today. The jury was out all night. Johnson tried his own case and created a sensation in court by his eloquence and brilliant sarcasm. This was a second trial. The jury in the first trial disagreed.

A BOLD ASSERTION.

The Assertion Made in the Introduction to this Portsmouth Citizen's Statement is Literally True.

There is only one medicinal preparation on the market which gives local evidence touching its merits: home proof to back up its claims; Portsmouth evidence for Portsmouth people. Statements from people we know in place of statements from strangers. That preparation is the one endorsed by Mr. James Snow, of No. 5 Daniel street assistant undertaker at Nickerson's who says: "I had kidney trouble for 8 or 9 years, it being one of the legacies of military life. I was under the care of physicians but their medicine did me no good. I took any quantity of advertised remedies in vain, seeking for a cure. I had gnawing pains in my back that stuck to me nearly the whole time and a tenderness and soreness over my kidneys that made any sudden movement agony. Deafness in my head and that tired feeling haunted me. I wore more plasters than would fill a trunk and yet, I did not take a whole box of Doan's Kidney Pills when the aching and lameness was gone. I tried so many medicines and had experienced so much that I have no hesitation in saying that Doan's Kidney Pills are ahead of anything I have ever used and if I am ever troubled again and I may, I know what to do.'

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

COURT OF INQUIRY.

Decides to Examine No More Witnesses After Close of Present Week.

Washington, April 14.—The Wade court of inquiry has decided to examine no more witnesses after the close of this week, unless in exceptional cases where men expected were unavoidably detained.

General Miles will not be heard, if at all, until next week, but he will not be called except upon his own request. There are several witnesses still to be examined, but the court will expedite the close. In accordance with this decision, the court will not hear all the additional witnesses whose names have been suggested by General Miles. Some of them will, however, be called, and those will include Inspector Breckinridge. The 200 additional reports of officers will be received, except in cases where made by officers who have already testified, or whose reports have been read, and excepting, also, reports of officers who were on duty at Santiago or in Porto Rico.

Dr. C. P. Adams, surgeon of the Second New Jersey Regiment, was the first witness of the day. He and other witnesses following were called to testify concerning the condition of affairs in that regiment, complained of by Dr. Currie. Dr. Adams said that he did not in any case attribute the sickness of the troops at Jacksonville to the government ration. He had heard nothing from Dr. Currie of his chemical tests with the fresh beef. He had been told of the doctor's observations concerning the effects of the butcher's knife-blade in discoloring the meat, but investigation had failed to corroborate his statement.

Dr. Charles R. Blundell, assistant surgeon of the Second New Jersey, agreed with Dr. Adams that no sickness had been caused by the government food, nor had he ever heard of any chemical tests by Dr. Currie.

He had heard nothing of this matter until his return home. Furthermore, he said, that he had charge of the sick of the regiment while the rifle range was in course of construction, and there was no such sickness in the detachment as had been testified to. He did not think the men could have been so sick as represented without his knowledge. Dr. Blundell said he had found the meat bad in some instances, but as a rule it was wholesome.

PENSION CHANGES.

Names of New England Men and Women Added to the Roll.

Washington, April 14.—The following pension changes, resulting from the issue of April 3, are announced:

Maine—Original, Andrew Collins, Soldiers' Home, Kennebec, $6. Additional, Isaac F. Tibbett, East Newport, $6 to $8. Increase, Freeman L. Wyman, South Woodstock, $8 to $10; Benjamin F. Oaks, National Home, Kennebec, $8 to $10; Barden Turner, Waldoboro, $12 to $17.

New Hampshire—Increase, Albert Kaiser, Portsmouth, $12 to $24.

Vermont—Original, John C. Stone, Springfield, $6. Increase, Frank D. Metcalf, Taftsville, $8 to $14.

Massachusetts — Original, Bernard Boss, Soldiers' Home, Suffolk, $6; John McCarty, Worcester, $12. Increase, Geo. G. Hunnewell, Somerville, $6 to $8; Thos. M. Peakes, Edgartown, $24 to $50. Original, widows, etc. (special April 4, special act), Susan Mellsop, mother, Worcester, $12; Margaret McCauley, Quincy, $8. War with Spain widows, etc., Mary A. Smith, New Bedford, $12; Annie M. Wheler, Lynn, $12; Lillian M. Parker, Wakefield, $12.

Rhode Island—Original, George H. Richardson, Newport, $8. Additional (special April 4), William H. Pierce, Auburn, $8 to $12.

Connecticut—Original, Charles G. Wright, Bristol, $8; Marshall T. Terrill, Westville, $6; Jabez Alvord, Winsted, $10. Restoration and increase, Homer R. Johnson, dead, Wallingford, $6 to $12. Original, widows, etc., Bridget A. Ahern, Norwich, $8.

PRISONERS ESCAPED.

Boston, April 14.—In spite of attempts at secrecy on the part of the authorites it was learned today that Patrick Ryan and George Murray, who were serving terms in the house of correction, South Boston, escaped early Monday morning and the officials have been unable to find them. Ryan was sent to the institution last September for a year, and his comrade was serving nine months for larceny. This is the second time that Ryan has been an inmate and the fourth time for Murray.

SECURED BY THE TRUST.

Canal Dover, O., April 14.—The Federal Sewer Pipe trust has secured control of the Royal Clay works, the second largest of its kind in the United States.

HEARTY WELCOME.

Gloucester Pays Tribute to Her Volunteer Soldiers.

CIVIC AND MILITARY PARADE.

Banquet With Many Speakers Concludes the Day of Jubilee.

Gloucester, Mass., April 14.—The city of Gloucester, through its city council, formally welcomed home today Company G of the Eighth Massachusetts regiment, recently returned from Cuba. The program included a parade and banquet, and the occasion was made a general holiday, business being suspended, schools closed, and the residents of the city and surrounding places joining in the demonstration in honor of the soldiers.

Company G, with the Eighth regiment band and drum corps, arrived in Boston just before 12 o'clock, in command of Captain Edward Horton. The square in front of the railroad station and the streets nearby were filled with a crowd of spectators, and as the members of the company left the cars the throng joined in loud cheers and applause.

The members of the city government met the company at the station and escorted the men to Knights of Pythias hall, where lunch was served.

This afternoon the parade was held. The line was formed at 1.30, and just after 2 o'clock started over a route which included the principal streets. Fitz E. Oakes was chief marshal, and the Uniformed Ranks, Knights of Pythias, acted as aides. The make up of the parade was as follows: Massachusetts, company M, Naval Militia; Gloucester high school cadets; Mayor W. W. French and the Gloucester city government; Colonel Allen post 45, Grand Army; company B, Eighth Massachusetts regiment; fire department; J. Franklin Dyer Camp Sons of Veterans; Ocean lodge, I. O. O. F.; Wingaersheek lodge, I. O. R. M.; Fernwood lodge, A. O. U. W.; Gloucester council, Knights of Columbus; St. Angelo commandery, Knights of Malta; Acorians Beneficient association; Battalion of Rough Riders; Knights of Ancient Essenic Order.

The public building and residences along the route of the parade were profusely decorated and all the streets were crowded with throngs of cheering spectators. The line was reviewed by the chief marshal, mayor and city government at the city hall.

The banquet was served this evening at city hall. Plates were laid for 550. Judge Edgar S. Taft acted as toastmaster, and there was a long list of after dinner speakers.

STOLE CASH REGISTER.

Boston, April 14.—Somewhere in South Boston is a man who is congratulating himself on the easy way in which he secured $2 early this morning, and possibly he is planning a similar scheme for tonight. There is also in the same district a man who has realized that it is unsafe to go asleep when on duty. Between the hours of 2 and 3 this morning business in the "all-night" restaurant of George C. Woodbine was dull, and the man in charge sat behind the cash register wishing that somebody would come in and talk to him. Somebody came in, but it was not until the cashier fell asleep. This person, who at present is unknown to the police, calmly picked up the cash register and carried it away with him. He knew better than to open it there and take the money, as the ringing of the register bell would undoubtedly have aroused the sleeping man. Instead, he carried the outfit with him and opened it at his leisure.

FUR DEPARTMENT CLOSED.

Amesbury, Mass., April 14.—The fur finishing department of the Merrimac hat factory is shut down, owing to the refusal of the men to work for the prices offered by the company. Business has been dull in this department for some time, and, owing to the increase in the price of fur, the company say that they are unable to pay any higher prices to the finishers and sell the goods at a profit. The wool department is running, and there are many orders on hand.

SIX LIVES WERE LOST.

Denver, Col., April 14.—A special to the News from Cheyenne, Wyo., says: Word has reached here of a terrible accident at Sheridan, in which six persons lost their lives. The melting snow has caused both Big and Little Goose creeks to overflow their banks and flood the town. Into the raging torrent a Burlington train plunged, and six passengers were drowned before help could reach them. Further particulars cannot now be obtained.

GRAND ARMY ENCAMPMENT.

Chicago, April 14.—For the National encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, to be held at Philadelphia Sept. 4 to 9, the eastern roads have agreed to make a rate of one fare for the round trip from Chicago and all points in the central passenger territory. The same rate will be made over all lines, standard and differential alike. It was also applied to New York.

WARNER IS BETTER.

New Orleans, La., April 14.—Charles Dudley Warner, who is ill with pneumonia, continues to improve. His wife and Charles H. Clark of Hartford are with him. The physicians are hopeful of his recovery. Mr. Clark said today that no immediate danger is apprehended

KEIFER MUCH WORSE.

Springfield, O., April 14.—General J. Warren Keifer, who has been ill for some time, has grown worse, and by order of his physician no callers are permitted to see him. His symptoms are those of typhoid fever.

NO DEATHS REPORTED.

Washington, April 14.—General Brooke from Havana reports that there were no deaths in his command on the 13th.

TRIAL OF QUAY.

Hagan, the Handwriting Expert, and Others Identify Hopkins' Writing.

Philadelphia, April 14.—The fifth day's proceedings in the trial of ex-United States Senator Quay opened today with the continued examination of William E. Hagan, the handwriting expert.

Mr. Quay entered the courtroom 10 minutes before the opening, and taking his accustomed seat, conversed with the expert accountant engaged by the defense. It became apparent upon the arrival of Mr. Quay's counsel that at almost any stage of today's proceedings would come the battle over the admission of the "Red Book." Mr. Watson and Mr. Shapley went carefully over its pages and made copious notes therefrom.

Mr. Hagan, resuming his testimony, identified the handwriting of Cashier Hopkins in a letter. No mention of the contents or their purport was made. The defense did not cross-examine.

Albert E. Taber, receiving teller, was recalled and identified the handwriting of Hopkins in the "Black Book" and the "Blue Book," small memorandum books, which were found in the cashier's private desk. In the former are records of individual loans, and in the other bank loans and records of collateral are entered.

After considerable argument by counsel for the defense and district attorney, Judge Biddle decided that Witness Goldsmith, former clerk in the People's bank, should be permitted to testify as to the entries in the "Red Book" and their connection with the regular bank books. The decision practically admits the famous "Red Book" as evidence against Senator Quay.

A FUGITIVE REFORMER.

Kang You Wei Declares China Will Yet Adopt Reforms He Advocates.

Vancouver, B. C., April 14.—Kang You Wei, the fugitive Chinese statesman, has arrived here from Victoria, accompanied by a retinue of Chinese and Japanese servants. From here Kang will proceed to London, which place he expects to make his home until at least a part of the reforms advocated by himself have been brought to pass in China. He said:

"It is only a matter of time before China will have to put into operation the reforms which I say she needs, or else internal dissensions or possibly foreign aggression would result in the dismemberment of the empire."

The reforms which Kang is anxious to establish for his country are: Representative party government, a system of national banks, state ownership of mines and railroads, free education, both elementary and advanced, and including the establishment of technical schools and government seminaries for military and naval training. He also thinks that the silver basis of the Chinese monetary system has been the means of impoverishing the empire to the advantage of countries that trade there, selling for gold and buying for silver.

BROUGHT SCHONER IN TOW.

Boothbay Harbor, Me., April 14.—The schooner Hannah Coomber, Captain Anderson, bound from Boston for Stonington, arrived here this morning with the schooner Northern Light in tow. The Northern Light was full of water and Captain Norton and her crew were on board the Coomber. The Northern Light was bound from Millbridge for Boston with a cargo of lumber, and yesterday, when 15 miles southwest of Seguin, she sprung a leak, and in a short time became waterlogged. The vessel was sighted by the Hannah Coomber, which, after taking the disabled schooner in tow, took the crew on board and made sail for this port. The cargo of the Northern Light will be discharged here and the vessel will be repaired.

AN INACESSIBLE POST.

Halifax, N. S., April 14.—The port of St. John's, N. F., is almost inaccessible on account of the heavy ice surrounding the coast. The Furness steamer Damarara, which arrived here today from Liverpool, via St. John's, spent three days dodging in and out of the ice around Cape Race before she could effect an entrance. Coming out of St. John's she experienced great difficulty in getting through the ice and clear of the coast. Off St. John's she passed the Furness steamer St. John City endeavoring to make her way into the harbor.

EARLY BIRD, JR., SOLD.

Waterville, Me., April 14.—C. Horace Nelson of this city has purchased from L. B. Hanson of Bangor the famous trotter, Early Bird, Jr., 2.19¼. The purchase was made by Mr. Nelson as agent for George Van Dyke of Boston, the present owner of the sire of this horse, Early Bird. Early Bird, Jr., won distinction at the Maine state fair stake race, and his mark of 2.19¼, on a half-mile track. He was out of the well-known mare, Black Bess.

POWERS ARE AGREED.

Washington, April 14.—After hearing this morning from the British and German embassies, the state department was enabled to announce positively and finally that the three parties to the Berlin treaty had agreed upon the instructions to be given their Samoan commissioners, and that it was certain that the commission would leave San Francisco on the 25th inst. on the Badger for Samoa.

FORESTRY RESERVE.

Washington, April 14.—The president has prepared a proclamation setting apart 136,000 acres of land on the south side of Lake Tahoe, California, as a forestry reserve and public park.

WON FIRST PRIZE.

Elkwood Park, Long Branch, N. J., April 14.—Thomas A. Marshall, Mayor of Keithsburg, Ill., has won the first prize in the Grand American handicap shoot; Grimm second.

SPAIN'S NEW NAVY.

Madrid, April 14.—It is announced that the minister of marine will submit to the chamber a bill for the construction of 10 ironclads.

SHERIDAN IN PORT.

She Reaches Manila With Her Cargo of Troops.

THEY ARRIVE IN GOOD SPIRITS.

Lieutenant Meyer and Three Privates Die During the Long Voyage.

Washington, April 14.—The war department has received the following cablegram:

Manila, April 14.

Adjutant General, Washington:

Sheridan arrived. Casualties, Lieutenant Meyer, three enlisted men, died en route. Health of troops very good.

Otis.

Lieutenant Meyer is the man referred to in The Asosciated Press dispatch as having disappeared in the night. He is Second Lieutenant Ralph Meyer, appointed from civil life Sept. 9, 1899. He was then a resident of Ohio.

The transport Sheridan, above reported, sailed from New York Feb. 19, with the Twelfth infantry and companies A, C, E, and F, Seventeenth infantry, comprising 57 officers, 1796 enlisted men, and 56 women and children. Lieutenant Colonel J. H. Smith, Twelfth infantry, was in command of the expedition.

Manila, April 14.—The United States transport Sheridan, formerly the Massachusetts, which sailed from New York Feb. 19, having on board the Twelfth and a battalion of the Seventeenth infantry, has arrived here after a smooth passage.

On the night of April 11 Lieutenant Meyer disappeared from the ship. The weather was intensely hot, and the lieutenant was sleeping on deck. It is supposed that he fell overboard.

Three privates and six children of privates died of pneumonia.

WEAVING THE CHAIN.

Willard Spaulding May Yet Be Held on a Charge of Murder.

Boston, April 14.—A strong chain of evidence is being woven around Willard Spaulding of Peabody, the confessed burglar, which tends to show that he knows considerable in regard to the recent fires, burglaries and probably the murder of Annie Geary.

Today State Officer Neal and Chief Wiggin of Peabody left for West Peabody at an early hour and made another thorough search of Spaulding's house.

A large number of articles which were discovered there has, it is said, been identified as property stolen from houses which were recently burned.

Each robbery and fire is being rapidly cleared by the investigations of the police today. At noon they began to work on the murder case, as there is a strong suspicion that Spaulding may know something in regard to it.

Both officers have considerable information, which they refuse to divulge at present, but say that a most startling and sensational state of affairs can be looked for during the next 48 hours.

The arrest of Spaulding and the suspicions against him have had a tendency to cast aside all suspicion that has been held out against young Thomas Ducey, the boy who lived with the Gearys at the time of the murder.

KAPIOLANI SICK.

Hawaii's ex-Queen Dowager Has Had a Second Stroke of Apoplexy.

San Francisco, April 14.—Honolulu advices of April 5 says: The ex-Queen Dowager Kapiolani is seriously ill. She had another stroke of apoplexy about a week since, and in place of becoming better, she has failed from day to day.

Prince Cupid Kalanianole returned from Kona in the steamer Mauna Loa on April 4, having been summoned to hasten to the bedside of his aunt. The physicians are hopeful, but the case is a desperate one.

Louisville, Ky., April 14.—The eighth championship season of the National Baseball league was inaugurated today at League park, between the Louisville and Chicago teams. The season was to have opened tomorrow with a double-header, but by an agreement between the two clubs they started today with one game. Both teams were in perfect condition. The game was preceded by the usual parade, and Mayor Weaver threw the first ball over the plate promptly at 3.30 p. m.

A THOUSAND TONGUES

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard street, Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help. But she says of this Royal Cure—"It soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the throat, chest or lungs. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free at the Globe Grocery Co's Drug store; every bottle guranteed.

Distressing Stomach Disease

Permanently cured by the masterly power of South American Nervine Tonic invalids need suffer no longer because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestion. The cure begins with the first dose. The relief it brings is marvellous and surprising. It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health-giving force. Pleasant and always safe.

Sold by George Hill, Druggist, Portsmouth N H.

Itching piles? Never mind if physicians have failed to cure you. Try Doan's Ointment. No failure there. 50 cents, at any drug store.

NEW RESTAURANT

67 Congress St.,

WITH LUNCH COUNTER ATTACHED

MEALS SERVED ON EUROPEAN PLAN.

Steaks, Chops, Oysters, Salads Fish of All Kinds, Anything You Want in Cookes to Order Line.

OPEN FROM 6 A. M. UNTIL MIDNIGHT.

ASK FOR MEAL TICKETS.

YOU WANT TO VISIT DUNBAR & CURRIER'S

Introduction

The readers of this paper need no introduction to the Frank Jones Brewing Co. or its products when the statement is made by the reliable house that their "Victor Bottled Ale" is second to none in existence and they are ready to stand behind the assertion, further proof of quality is not necessary.

Are you satisfied that 40 years of successful business means anything? If so send your next order to

Frank Jones Brewing Co. Portsmouth, N. H.,

or NewJolly Bottling Co., Newfields, N. H.,

and make assurance doubly sure. A word to the wise is sufficient.

Put up in 1-2 pints, pints and quarts.

P. S.—Remember the brand "VICTOR"

OLIVER W. HAM

SUCCESSOR TO SAMUEL S. FLETCHER,

60 Market Street.

Furniture Dealer

— AND —

Undertaker.

NIGHT CALLS at side entrance, No. 2 Hanover Street, or at residence, Cor. New Castle Street and Raynes' Ave.

Telephone 50—2.

For a Stylish Rig Go to

C. B. Dempsey's Stable

Deer Street,

Or call him by telephone 15— and he will send any team you want to your door

Choice Horses,

Well Equipped Carriages

CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR AND TURFING DONE.

WITH [illegible]

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[TH]E HERALD.

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[FO]R PORTSMOUTH
AND
[PORTS]MOUTH'S INTERESTS.

[You w]ant local news! Read the [Herald. M]ore local news than all other [dailies] combined. Try it

[SATU]RDAY, APRIL 15, 1899.

[...] the Cincinnati fire department [...] present Helen Gould a gold [...]nd making her an honorary [member] of the department. At the rate [this sort] of thing is spreading over the [country] Miss Gould will soon be labor[ing und]er more or less of an embarrass[ment of] honors.

[A]DAPTED FOR A NAVAL STATION.

[Here] is an article from the Boston [...] which shows how well adapted [Portsmouth] is for a modern naval station:

[The] Warren line steamship Norse[man, re]cently ashore on Tom Moore's [rock o]ff Marblehead, was towed down [to Simp]son's dry dock again yesterday [afterno]on, and tied up at the wharf, as [it was f]ound that the water was too low [at the si]ll to allow her to be floated in. [After W]ednesday's attempt the big an[chors w]ere removed from the steamer, [togethe]r with about 200 tons of coal [which b]rought her bow about a foot out [of wate]r. Yesterday she was drawing [...]7 6 feet, but the depth on the [sill is] only 16.6 feet. More of the [coal wa]s taken out of the vessel yester[day, an]d it is probable that another at[tempt] will be made to float her into the [dock to]day."

[There is] sixteen feet of water over the sill [of the] largest dry dock. Why the water [here] is of greater depth.

Good At All Times.

[Em]ma, a little girl, of 7 was left to [take c]are of her younger brother and [sister] while her mother was absent and [one o]f her duties was to put them to [bed,] says Harper's Bazar.

[The] mother returned and on looking [after] the welfare of the little ones, [found] them in bed with the hot-water [bag,] although it was a hot night in [...].

"[W]hy, Emma," she said in surprise, "[why] do you have this hot-water bag [when] it is so warm?"

"[W]ell, mamma," said Emma, "you [put] hot water in it in the winter to [keep] us warm and I have filled it with [cold w]ater so that it will keep us cool."

No More Hand Kissing.

[It] has hitherto been the custom of [the] children attending the public [scho]ols in Austria and Hungary to kiss [the] hands of their teachers on arrival [and] departure. This has now been for[bidd]en by a ukase issued by the Im[peri]al Board of Education, which bases [its] decision on a declaration of the [Sanit]ary Council to the effect that kiss[ing] is a dangerous proceeding, and [shou]ld not be practised when not ab[solu]tely necessary.

Slavery in Finland.

[A] regular slave mart still exists in [man]y country districts of Finland. [Onc]e a year such paupers, lunatics and [age]d people of each parish as cannot [sup]port themselves are put up at public [auc]tion and consigned to those families [or] farmers who will board them at the [low]est price offered by the parish [aut]horities. The helpless creatures are [ma]de to work as much as possible by [the]ir owners, who have the right to [cha]stise them.

Old Frescoes Discovered.

[I]n the palace of the Senate in the [Ca]pitol at Rome a number of mediaeval [fre]scoes were discovered recently by [wo]rkmen who were tearing down a [pa]rtition wall. The colors are bright [an]d the pictures well preserved.

Farm Colonies in Germany.

There are now 28 farm colonies in [Ge]rmany that deal with 15,000 men an[nu]ally, and they are said to be very [suc]cessful financially, besides having a [go]od influence on the men.

Cost of Ironclads.

In the leading navies of the world [th]e cost of building typical ironclads [pe]r ton is as follows: United Kingdom, [£..]; United States, £78; France and [Ger]many, £87 to £90.

Losses on English Railways.

The returns of the Railway Clearing [Ho]use in London show that on an aver[age 1,000] parcels a day are lost on the [railways] of England.

"OLD IRONSIDES."

Historic Old Frigate Ordered Back to Portsmouth.

Boston Yard Receives Orders to Prepare Ship for the Journey.

She Will Be Used as a Receiving Ship at This Station.

Work was commenced at the Boston navy yard on Friday to prepare the famous old ship "Constitution" for her journey back to Portsmouth.

She is needed as a receiving ship at this station and Secretary Long is determined to have her kept where she can be of service to the government and as a result orders were sent to the officials of the Boston yard to have the historic old vessel made ready for a journey to Portsmouth. It is understood that she will reach here in season to be used for the crew of the Raleigh, when that vessel is placed out of commission.

The *Herald* has felt certain that the ship would return and now it appears to be an assured fact.

ALGER WILL REMAIN.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Secretary Alger tonight put an executive quietus on the persistent reports that he contemplated retiring from the cabinet, by authorizing the Associated Press to make an absolute denial and to announce once for all in the strongest terms possible that he would remain in his present office during the regular term. Of course, he added, if there should be a great disaster in his private business affairs or should he be stricken in health or some such entirely unexpected or sudden event occur, it might actuate him to resume his private life as a matter of course, but he had no idea of resigning, and his determination to remain despite all reports to the contrary, was fixed and unalterable.

FOR THE COURT OF ST. JAMES.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The president designated Colonel Samuel S. Sumner of the Sixth cavalry as military attache at the court of St. James, to succeed Colonel Bates, who has been ordered to return from London. Colonel Sumner was appointed a brigadier general at the beginning of the Spanish war and served with distinction at the battle of Santiago and was made a major general of volunteers for valiant service.

ALL READY TO RECEIVE THE RALEIGH.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Lieut. Commander French, supervisor of the harbor, today reported to the committee that he had made final arrangements for the parade attendant on the expected arrival tomorrow of the Raleigh. Governor Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary Allen, Governor Wolcott of Massachusetts, will accompany the reception committee

NOT GUILTY.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 14.—In the Lake City lynching case today the government consented to a verdict of not guilty against three of the thirteen parties under indictment, the evidence being considered insufficient. The three are Clark, Kelly and Rodgers, all members of the Second South Carolina regiment.

HER NAME IS COLUMBIA.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Secretary Oddie of the New York Yacht club received a despatch today from E. Oliver Islen of New Rochelle, stating that the new cup defender will be named Columbia.

BASE BALL.

The following is the result of the National league base ball games played yesterday:

Philadelphia 6, Washington 5; at Washington.

Chicago 15, Louisville 1; at Lovisville. Cunningham pitched for Louisville.

BAD ACCIDENT.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 14.—A bulletin to the Tribune from Seattle, Wash. states that a bad accident has occurred on the Great Northern railroad. A snow plow with twenty men was precipitated down an embankment, causing several deaths.

SCHLEY ON DUTY.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Rear Admiral Schley, who has been on waiting orders since relieved of the command of the flying squadron, was today assigned to duty as a member of the naval examining board of this city.

GOLD MINES IN CUBA.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, April 14.—Colorado prospectors have located six gold claims near Holguin, in this province The discovery of two copper mines in El Cobre district was announced today.

KITTERY POINT.

The men who have been here during the winter, in the employ of the U. S. Fish Commission have completed their labors and returned to their homes. Meshach Tobey, who has been at Plymouth, Mass., gathering spawns, under Capt. Connelly, has returned home.

Miss Lettie Emery, who has been spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Emery, of Maplewood Avenue. Portsmouth, resumed her duties as teacher at Agamenticus, Monday.

The little locomotive which is to draw the cars used in the construction of the fort at Gerrish island, has attracted considerable attention since it has been in the freight yard of the Boston & Maine railroad at Portsmouth. The cars came last fall and were taken to the island on large drays. The engine will be brought from Portsmouth on a large scow.

Miss Minnie Tobey has entered the millinery establishment of Miss Adelaide Thurston, in Portsmouth.

Addison W. Lawry has purchased of S. Augustus Fernald, his share in the weir, situated off Gerrish island.

Manning W. Lowry, who had such a narrow escape from drowning while fishing near the Isles of Shoals on Thursday last, is still very sick from the effects of it, but with good care will probably be out in a few weeks.

Fred S. Dame, who has been a great sufferer from a trouble with his hip, and who was recently operated on at his home, was on Thursday last removed to the Maine General hospital at Portland, it being the only chance to save his life. His many friends earnestly hope that he may be benefitted by going there and that he may soon be returned to his afflicted family. He was accompanied to Portland by his sister, Mrs. Marjorie Billings, and Thomas J. Billings.

BOBBED THE GRAVE.

A startling incident, of which Mr John Oliver of Philadelphia was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: 'I was in a most dreadful condition My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunk en, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters;' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks and am now a well man. I know they saved my life and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents per bottle, at the Globe Grocery Co.'s store.

EXAMPLE IS BETTER THAN PRECEPT.

Those sententious proverbs, or old saws, which are used as prefixes to all of the Hood Sarsaparilla advertising in thousands of papers throughout the country, are evidence of a new and original style of display advertising both pleasing and effective. The Hood firm is to be congratuated on so cleverly adopting such wisdom as has filtered down through centuries. Another charming thing about this Hood advertising is the unique type they are using.

Relief in Six Hours

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by George Hill Druggist Porstmouth, N. H.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Geo. Hill Druggist Portsmouth.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

The little tots of Miss Julia Moses' dancing class have been rehearsing to day for the coming exhibition.

RECLAIMING ALKALI LANDS

The Agricultural Department Informed of the Success of the Experiment.

Charles H Shinn of the Agricultural Department of the State University returned from the agricultural experiment station at Tulare, Cal., with enthusiastic reports of the success of the experiments, which have been made there recently in the reclamation of alkali lands.

The land, some of which is the worst alkali land in the state, has been treated with gypsum, and during the season over 200 kinds of seeds will be planted in the ground. A crop of wheat is expected where before the reclamation of the land barley grew only an inch high.

"We are showing the people," said Mr. Shinn, "that even on a small scale the land can be profitably reclaimed in this manner. Of course, if all the farmers would adopt the method the reclamation of the alkali lands would be much easier and cheaper.

"We have discovered that much can be done to neutralize the effect of the alkali by mechanical treatment of the soil. By using straw—not manure for manure makes alkali soil even worse—the ground is kept warm and the cold alkali is kept from rotting the seed.

"Our experiments with the 'Atriplex semi-baccalum,' or salt bush, have also proved that even without reclamation, alkali lands can be made valuable for pasture. Within the last three or four years we have distributed at least 1,000 pounds of the seed all over the State. The salt bush makes a thick growth six or seven inches high, and makes excellent grazing for sheep. The excellence of the Australian wool is due very largely to the abundance of salt bush upon which the sheep graze. On the karroos of South Africa the salt bush has been planted for sheep pasture by several companies.

"The planting of the salt bush promises to establish a new industry in California. Already there is a large demand for the seed, even from Mexico. The bush grows where alfafa will not grow, and in many cases, perhaps, it will be cheaper to plant it than to attempt to reclaim the land."

Shoe Dont's.

Don't put away shoes in a dirty condition; wipe them, dress them and store them in an airy closet.

Don't place shoes against a heater after coming in from the rain.

Don't wear one pair of shoes steadily. Two pairs worn alternately will do the work of three pairs worn consecutively.

Don't shut up an array of shoes in an air-tight closet.

Don't wear shoes that will not permit the great toe to lie in a straight line.

Don't wear a shoe that is tight anywhere.

Don't wear a shoe so large that it slips at the heel.

Don't wear a shoe with a sole narrower than the outline of the foot traced with a pencil drawn close under the rounding edge.

Don't wear the top of a boot tight, as it interferes with the action of the calf-muscles, makes one walk awkwardly and causes the ankles to swell

Don't fail to wipe shoes with soft dressing at least once a week.

Don't wear a shoe that has commenced to run over. Have the heel straightened at once and finished on the worn edge with a row of tiny nails.

Don't economize on footwear; a good shoe is a cheap shoe.

Brigands and a Bulgarian Professor.

The emulators of Hadji-Stavros, "the King of the Mountains" are still flourishing in certain wild suburban districts of Bulgaria. The other day a professor in a Kostendil college took his class for an excursion into the neighboring mountains. As the students were eating luncheon they were attacked by a band of brigands. The son of a rich merchant alone was held captive for ransom. The others were told to return to their homes and have the father of the prisoner return unaccompanied the next morning with the amount of the ransom. He came, but closely following was a brigade of gendarmes which surrounded and captured the entire band. The brigands were tried and three of them were condemned to death. This was more than they had expected, and the trio made a confession which was afterward verified that the professor, who in former years had been a member of the band, had planned the capture of the merchant's son and was to have had a share of the ransom. The professor made good his escape. It has transpired that he had once been a most promising student in a Bulgarian university and has been outlawed for robbing his classmates.

Encouraging Prophecy.

"That palmist said that for one dollar he would tell me how long I would live."

"Did he?"

"He said I would have to live many, many years before I would have sense enough to take care of money."—Detroit Free Press.

A PRECIOUS TRIO.

The Flood family, alleged deaf and dumb artists, are a precious trio and successfully worked Portsmouth. The family consisted of father, mother and son. All three professed to be deaf and dumb but were possessed of all their faculties. The boy worked the shoe factory yesterday and succeeded in pulling out something like six dollars. Later he came to grief and the greater portion of the money was paid to the city in the shape of a fine in police court.

AT THE NAVY YARD.

The caller are busy on the Potomac

The force in the department of yards and docks has been increased to seventy-five men

D W. Barnabee and J. H. Junkins were among those who passed Fast day in Boston.

Civil Engineer Gregory, U. S. N., is putting a number of men to work this month and many improvements in yard buildings will be made.

Men out of employment have learned that it is impossible to get work on the yard without registering and they are placing their names on the list of applicants.

Carpenter Peter T. Ward, U. S. N., received his appointment on Friday as chief carpenter. It is printed on fine parchment paper and signed by President McKinley and Secretary Long.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

At the business meeting of the Rockingham County Teachers' Association the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—Robert M. Brown, Portsmouth.

Vice President—C. M. Loring, Exeter.

Secretary—Miss Josephine Page, Portsmouth.

Treasurer—Miss Lillian Chapman, Greenland.

Executive Committee—Robert M. Brown, Portsmouth; Miss Bertha Colburn, Portsmouth; John Mitchell, Portsmouth; Miss N. Hobbs, Hampton; Miss E. Churchill. Exeter.

William (Rap) Randalll was arrested on Friday evening on suspicion of stealing a coat.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES

should always be kept in the house for the following reasons:

FIRST—Because, if any member of the family has a hard cold, it will cure it.

SECOND—Because, if the children are delicate and sickly, it will make them strong and well.

THIRD—Because, if the father or mother is losing flesh and becoming thin and emaciated, it will build them up and give them flesh and strength.

FOURTH—Because it is the standard remedy in all throat and lung affections.

No household should be without it. It can be taken in summer as well as in winter.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

LATEST DESIGNS IN
WALL PAPERS
FOR 1899.

JOSEPH E. HOXIE
PAINTER & DECORATOR
Cor State and Pleasant Sts.,

Invites the public to examine his large line of wall paper and borders before purchasing elsewhere.

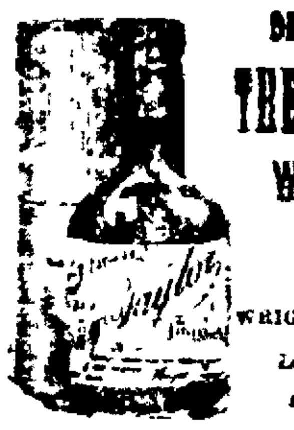
We execute everything in the painting and decorative line and do our work to the satisfaction of our customers.

Estimates Cheerfully Given
TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

H. W. Nickerson,
Embalmer and Funeral Director,
5 Daniel St., Portsmouth, N. H.
Calls by night at residence, 6 Court street, or at J. A. Snow's, 16 Gates street, will receive prompt attention.
Telephone at Office and Residence.
Office Open From 7 a. m. to 8 p. m.

STOP CHEWING!

A cents with you whether you continue the nerve-killing tobacco habit. NO-TO-BAC removes the desire for tobacco, without nervous distress, expels nicotine, purifies the blood, restores lost manhood, makes you strong in health, nerve and pocket-book. 400,000 boxes sold. 400,000 cases cured. Buy NO-TO-BAC from your own druggist who will vouch for us. Take it with a will, patiently, persistently. One box $1, usually cures; 3 boxes, $2.50, guaranteed to cure, or we refund money. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal, New York.



DRINK ONLY
THE FOREST WHISKEY.
WRIGHT & TAYLOR
Louisville Ky.
DISTILLERS

FINE OLD KENTUCKY
Taylor Whiskey.

If you want purity and richness of flavor, try our OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR, 8 years old and our own distillation and guaranteed pure Bottled and shipped direct from our warehouses by us. None genuine without our signature on both labels. For consumption, Indigestion, and all ailments requiring stimulants OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR has no superior. Sold by all first-class druggists grocers, and liquor dealers.

Sold by Globe Grocery Co., Portsmouth, N. H.

Sour Stomach

"After I was induced to try CASCARETS, I will never be without them in the house. My liver was in a very bad shape and my head ached and I had stomach trouble Now since taking Cascarets, I feel fine My wife has also used them with beneficial results for sour stomach."
JOS. KREHLING, 1921 Congress St., St. Louis, Mo.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant Palatable. Potent Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 318

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

LOW TELEPHONE RATES
PORTSMOUTH EXCHANGE.

Only $25.00 a Year, Party Metallic Circuit, Measured Service, for a Telephone.

Can You Afford to be Without it?

Manager Will Furnish all Particulars.

NEW ENGLAND TELEGRAPH & TELEPHONE CO
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

STANDARD BRAND.
Newark cement.

400 Barrels of the above Cement Just Landed.

THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT

Has been on the market for the past fifty years. It has been used on the Principal Government and Other Public Works,

And has received the commendation of Engineers, Architects and Consumers generally

Persons wanting cement should not be deceived. Obtain the best.

FOR SALE BY
JOHN H. BROUGHTON.

SANTAL-MIDY
These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.
Sold by all Druggists.
MIDY

NOTICE.

PERSONS having night soil to be removed cess pools and drains to be cleaned, or other work to be done will have their orders promptly attended to by leaving them at No. 1 Jackson street.
JOHN WOOD

Classified Advertisements

Small advertisements as
[illegible]
Seven Words to a Line.

Such as Wants, For Sale and To Let 50 cents per week. 25 cents one insertion.

WANTED—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

TO LET—Furnished room with steam heat. Apply at 34 Fleet street.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS—Thousands of appointments to be made this year. Post Office Custom House and Internal Revenue examinations postponed. Full particulars as to all government positions, salaries, etc., furnished free by National Correspondence Institute, Washington, D. C. Write to-day.

WANTED—An energetic travelling salesman to take our full line of specialties in dry goods on the road on commission. We sell our goods to retailers and save them the jobber's profits. Box 1192. Philada., Pa.

Piano for sale. High grade upright piano been used very little, must be sold. Address G H D Box 313, Dover N. H.

Send 10 cents to us and we will send you a bottle of our Dandruff and Scalp Cure. F. McKean Dover N. H.

FOR SALE.—Ten R-I-P-A-N-S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

Professional Cards.

W. O JUNKINS, M. D.,
Residence, 98 State St.
Office, 26 Congress St.
Portsmouth, N. H
OFFICE HOURS: 1 A. M., 3 P. M. / 7:30 to 10 Evenings.

C. D. HINMAN, D. D. S.,
DENTAL ROOMS, 10 MARKET SQUARE
Portsmouth, N. H.

F. S. TOWLE, M. D.
78 State Street, Portsmouth, N. H.
Office Hours:
Until 9 A. M. 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.

The scarcity and continued high price of Havana tobacco has had no effect on the quantity of

THE CELEBRATED
7-20-4
10 CENT CIGARS.

They have always maintained their high standard. Strictly hand-made Sumatra wrapper and long Havana filler. For sale by all first-class dealers

At Wholesale in Portsmouth by
FRED S. WENDELL, Deer and Market Sts. J. H SWETT, Bridge St.

R. C. SULLIVAN,
MANUFACTURER,
Manchester, N. H.

GET YOUR FALL & WINTER SUITS OF
DENNIS O'LEARY, Tailor.

Suits to Order,	$14.00 and Upwar
Overcoats,	$14.00 " "
Pants,	$4.00 " "

CUTTING AND MAKING.
Cleaning, Repairing, Turning and Fitting.
5 BRIDGE STREET. PORTSMOUTH

Orders by mail or express promptly attended to.

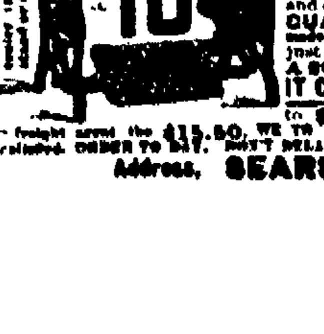
CALL AND SEE US.

PILES Williams Indian Pile Ointment is a sure cure for PILES. It absorbs tumors. Stops itching. GIVES RELIEF 50c. and $1. At Druggists
For Sale by George Hill, Druggist

SEND NO MONEY WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this ad out and send to us, and we will send you OUR HIGH GRADE DROP CABINET BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell as high as $60.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay your freight agent Our Special Offer Price $15.50 and freight charges. The machine weighs 120 pounds and the freight will average 75 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS' TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your $15.50 any day you are not satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all fully described in Our Free Sewing Machine Catalogue, but $15.50 for this DROP DESK CABINET BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS by unknown concerns who copy our advertisements, offering unknown machines under various names, with various inducements. Write some friend in Chicago and learn who are RELIABLE AND WHO ARE NOT.

THE BURDICK has every MODERN IMPROVEMENT, EVERY GOOD POINT OF EVERY HIGH GRADE MACHINE MADE, WITH THE DEFECTS OF NONE. MADE BY THE BEST MAKER IN AMERICA, FROM THE BEST MATERIAL MONEY CAN BUY. SOLID QUARTER SAWED OAK DROP DESK CABINET, PIANO POLISHED, one illustration shows machine closed, (head dropping from sight) to be used as a center table, stand or desk, the other open with full length table and head in place for sewing. 4 fancy drawers, latest 1899 skeleton frame, carved, paneled, embossed and decorated cabinet finish, finest nickel drawer pulls, rests on 4 casters, ball bearing adjustable treadle, genuine Smyth iron stand. Finest large High Arm head, positive four motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel, adjustable presser foot, improved shuttle carrier, patent needle bar, patent dress guard, head is handsomely decorated and ornamented and beautifully NICKEL TRIMMED. GUARANTEED the lightest running, most durable and nearest noiseless machine made. Every known attachment is furnished and our Free Instruction Book tells just how anyone can run it and do either plain or any kind of fancy work. A 20-YEARS' BINDING GUARANTEE is sent with every machine. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $60.00, and then if convinced you are saving $25.00 to $40.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50. WE TO RETURN YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. ORDER TO DAY. DON'T DELAY. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)



Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago, Ill.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE FLAG GOES BY.

!!
he street there comes
of bugles, a ruffle of drums,
of color beneath the sky;
!!
is passing by!

d crimson and white it shines,
e steel-tipped, ordered lines,
!!
ors before us fly;
re than the flag is passing by.

hts and land fights, grim and
reat,
to make and to save the State;
marches, and sinking ships;
of victory on dying lips;

plenty and days of peace;
of a strong land's swift in-
ease;;
justice, right, and law,
honor and reverend awe;

a Nation, great and strong
rd her people from foreign
rong;
nd glory and honor, all
the colors to stand or fall.

!!
he street there comes
of bugles, a ruffle of drums,
al hearts are beating high;
!!
is passing by!
Bennett in The Youth's Companion.

MISTAKEN.

lopsleigh was an aspiring man. tto was "Upward and onward." a certain extent, he had lived t; for, beginning life with no capital than a ragged coat, a ock and box of blacking, he ceeded in amassing a fortune thing over a hundred thousand He had never married, be- e had been too busy in his r days, and now that his means admit of such a luxury, his and aspirations were all cen- his only nephew, a fine young just one-and-twenty years of

re all I have in the world, said he. "And you shall be my you only marry to please me." dammon and Cupid are almost bly ranged in opposition to one in this world—and in full view unparalleled idiocy of such a ing, Dick Avenel fell in love pretty girl who hadn't a penny herself with, and one day he his Uncle Mopsleigh.

le," said Dick, "I'm in love." deuce you are," said the old ian.
the sweetest girl in the avered Dick.
who, pray, may she be?" de- Mr. Mopsleigh.
name is Clara Cleveland. She's governess in Mrs. Van Vorst's

n," said Uncle Mopsleigh, better get out of love with her k as you can. I want no beg- overnesses in my family! Be- 've already picked out a wife !"
" said Dick.
Clementina Etherege, the heir- ust come to visit her aunt, Mrs. Doddington. Worth a quarter dillion in her own right! And ll me she is as pretty as a pink! the sort of wife for you, my

g your pardon, sir," said Mr. with dignity. "Were she as Croesus, and beautiful as Ve- e would be perfectly indifferent "

't be an ass!" said Mr. Mops-

ie with me at once, and call on ajor Doddington. See for your-

course I will do as you please his," said Dick, mentally steel- nself for a stiff combat. And, ly more determined than ever, his hat and accompanied the old nan.

Major Doddington lived in a Mansard-roofed villa just out of There was a fountain in front veranda, and a perspective view -silk furnished drawing-rooms h the open French casements.

. Major Doddington is not at ' said the little maid in a white and pink-ribboned cap, who o the door. "Would the gentle- alk in and see Miss Etherege?" Mr. Mopsleigh declined this. He quite like to face the heiress t the advantage of Mrs. Dod- n's presence. He handed out his n which he hurriedly pencilled h his own name, that of his v, and said that he would "call

as they passed the corner of the themselves hidden by a minia- hicket of rhododendrons, they n excellent view of one of the lk rooms, where a slender, pret- ng lady, also in blue, sat writing sk—a young lady with long eye- an oval face and a rose twist- the coils of her blue-black

t's she, sir!" said Mr. Mops- grasping his nephew's arm, and ilating toward the unconscious riter with the forefinger of his aged hand. "That's the heir- Look at her! Isn't she a beau-

is, indeed, sir," said Dick, who transfixed in the middle of the dendrons. "But are you sure—" course I'm sure," brusquely in- ted Mr. Mopsleigh. "Who else be? Dick, look here! You shall that girl!"
vill, sir," averred Dick, with sincerity.

Mr. Mopsleigh's face brightened up. "You're a trump, Dick," said he. "I knew you'd come back to your senses after a little. Marry her, Dick, and I'll settle my whole fortune on you."

"All right, sir," said Dick.

Hardly had the footsteps of the departing guests died away on the lawn than another young lady came in from an adjoining room, and bent her pretty head over the fair letter-writer.

"Are you almost through, Clara?"

"Quite through now, dear."

"Well, then, Clara, look here!"

And Miss Etherege—the real Miss Etherege—sat herself down with a resolute air.

"I've made up my mind to one thing, Clara," said she. "You shan't be a governess any longer. You shall live with me. You shall be my companion and I'll pay you twice as much—"

"But Clementina—"

"Say yes! Darling, do say yes!"

And when Richard Avenel called that evening, in obedience to a little pencil note from Clara, he found that she had decided to change her situation.

"So you are the heiress?" said Dick, bluntly, when Clara introduced him to "Miss Etherege."

"Exactly," said Clementina. "And you are the nephew of the rich Mr. Mopsleigh, I suppose?"

Dick nodded. "Yes," said he. "And my uncle wants me to marry you."

"Much obliged to him, I'm sure," said Miss Etherege, laughing.

"And I am determined to marry Clara Cleveland, and no one else," added Dick.

"I admire your taste," said Miss Etherege.

And Dick went on and told the whole story of how they had called there that morning, and how his uncle had mistaken Miss Etherege's visitor for Miss Etherege herself.

"He told me to marry you," said Dick, taking both Clara's fluttering little hands in his; "and I mean to!"

Now it so chanced that Mr. Mopsleigh was telegraphed to come to Chicago the next morning, to be occupied there for an indefinite length of time; but he left a message that Dick must not forget to prosecute his suit.

"No, I won't," said Dick, smiling to himself.

Mr. Mopsleigh had not been gone two weeks when Dick wrote to him.

"You will be glad to learn, uncle," said he, "that I am engaged to the lady you pointed out as my future bride. We are to be married at once."

In answer to which Mr. Mopsleigh sent on his blessing by telegraph. And in less than a month he found himself enabled to hurry back to New York. And with him he brought a superb set of diamonds for his new niece.

The first place to which he hastened was the residence of Mrs. Major Doddington, where, he had understood, the young couple were making a temporary sojourn after their trip. Mrs. Doddington received them beamingly.

"So kind of you," said she. "Walk this way. The turtle-doves are in the morning-room."

Mr. Mopsleigh wrung his nephew's hand, and kissed the blushing bride affectionately.

"Here's my wedding gift," said he, hanging the diamond necklace around Clara's neck, and laying the rings and brooch on the table. "Welcome, my love, into the Mopsleigh family!"

Just then a tall, blue-eyed girl entered, and Mrs. Doddington made haste to introduce her to the elderly visitor.

"Mr. Mopsleigh, my niece, Miss Etherege."

"Miss—Etherege!" bawled the old gentleman, wheeling around toward the bride. "Then who is this?"

"Formerly Clara Cleveland, at your service," said Dick, bowing low.

"Not the governess!" yelled Mr. Mopsleigh.

"Yes, the governess," said Dick. "She was here on a visit to Miss Etherege that day you saw her. You told me to marry her, and I said I would. And I have obeyed you!"

"Don't be angry, sir," cooed Miss Etherege. "Clara is the sweetest girl in all the world."

"Forgive us, sir," pleaded Clara, in the prettiest of supplicating attitudes, with her soft eyes brimming over with tears.

"Well," said Mr. Mopsleigh, after a momentary pause, "I suppose I shall have to! Kiss me again, my dear. You are pretty! And Dick—"

"Yes, sir."

"I'll have the blue and silver rooms fitted up for you at once. For, of course, you'll come and live with me?"

And so the old gentleman acquiesced, as philosophically as he might, in the irresistible tide of circumstance, and Dick and Clara were happy.

"And, after all," says Dick, "I did obey my uncle."

Novelty in Wedding Music.

A Canadian bride introduced recently a new feature in wedding ceremonies. She appeared in church with her pet canary fastened to her shoulder by a golden chain, and the moment the organ sounded the bird burst into song.

Killing Wolves in France.

Last year premiums were paid on only 171 wolves killed in France, as the number has been steadily decreasing. In 1890 the number was 461, in 1885 it was 900, and in 1883, the first year in which premiums were offered, 1,296 were found in six departments.

Dogs That Never Bark.

There are three varieties of the dog that never bark—the Australian dog, the Egyptian shepherd dog and the "lion-headed" dog of Thibet.

JOHN PHILLIPS, HERO

HOW HE SAVED A BELEAGURED FRONTIER GARRISON.

In 1866 the Sioux, Under Their Great War Chief, Red Cloud, Would Have Massacred the Brave Defenders if John Phillips Had Not Sent Relief.

A bill, couched in the dry, formal words of a legislative proposition, was recently introduced in Congress for the purpose of giving a pension to the widow of John Phillips. That may not interest you. But back of that bill is the story of as brave, courageous a deed as ever made glorious the record of American manhood.

It was John Phillips who rode from Fort Phil Kearny to Fort Laramie in December, 1866, and saved the latter garrison from massacre.

On the twenty-first day of December, 1866, Fort Phil Kearny, commanded by Col. H. B. Carrington, located under the shadow of the Big Horn Mountain and over 200 miles from the nearest telegraph line, was the extreme outpost in that part of the Northwest. The savage Sioux under Red Cloud had been hovering in the vicinity of the post for some time and had been seen in large numbers on Tongue River, northwest of the fort.

The Indians made attacks on the wood train a few miles north of the fort. A detachment of troops under command of Brevet-Lieut.-Col. Fetterman, including two other officers and several men and a number of civilians, made a dash from the fort for the purpose of protecting the wood train. When some four miles from the fort they were surrounded by the Indians in overwhelming numbers and every man of the detachment was killed.

Years afterward the Indians said that the troops were only killed after their ammunition was exhausted.

The triumphant and bloodthirsty Sioux were commanded by Red Cloud and outnumbered the garrison by 20 to 1. They surrounded the fort and an attack was hourly expected.

It was well understood by the garrison that if the Indians were successful in taking the fort it meant death for each and every one. Realizing the terrible fate that awaited them the women and children begged piteously to be placed in the powder house and blown up in case of a successful attack from the Indians.

At this juncture, when brave men felt that the only possible hope for the garrison was in sending news of their beleaguerment to the nearest outside post, and not a soldier could be found who would brave the attempt to break through the savages and ride to the nearest outpost, a distance of 225 miles, John Phillips, a hardy scout and hunter, volunteered to take despatches to Fort Laramie. Placing a few biscuits in his pocket, tying on his saddle a small quantity of feed for his mount, he quietly left the post at midnight on the night succeeding the massacre, and by hard riding, and escaping many perils on the way he succeeded in reaching Fort Laramie five days later. The country across which he rode was absolutely uninhabited by white men, and the ground was covered with snow from three to five feet in depth.

His sufferings will never be told. The weather was exceedingly cold, the thermometer reaching 20 degrees below zero. When Phillips delivered his despatches at Fort Laramie, hardy, brave frontiersman as he was, he fell in a dead faint. Immediately upon receipt of these despatches troops were forwarded from Fort Laramie, and the garrison at Fort Phil Kearny was relieved. For this remarkable act of gallantry and endurance, which will forever place John Phillips's name in the gallery of heroic men, he was never in any way paid by the general Government.

In the years immediately following this heroic ride, John Phillips was employed in various capacities at Government posts. The Sioux had sworn that they would be revenged upon him. He was continually hunted and harassed by them because he had rescued from their grasp the garrison at Fort Phil Kearny. He was now broken in health by the exposure and strain of his long and perilous ride. One night, feeling that his end was near, he called to his bedside his wife and child. Taking the hand of each, he pulled them nearer to him. They heard him faintly whisper: "I did the best I could," and he was dead.

EPIGRAMS BY A NOVELIST,

When glamour goes, nerves come.

What is youth but a happy ignorance?

Your confidential woman is usually a liar.

The abuse of hospitality is the last refuge of the needy.

Happy is the man who loves and is loved of a plain woman.

The arrogance of those who have all that they desire is insupportable.

Many people amuse us who are themselves amused in their sleeves.

A life that is only a conglomeration of trifles is a poor thing to look back upon.

There are always well-meaning persons among us ready to direct the charity of others.

He had one great factor of success in this world—an infinite capacity for holding his cards.

Impertinence and flattery to a woman are so closely allied that the distinction is subtle.

There are some women whose desire it is to be all things to all men instead of everything to one.

It was a moment for mental reservations. One wonders whether such are taken account of in heaven.

A MEMORABLE DUEL.

Seventy-Eighth Anniversary of a Famous Encounter.

Just seventy-eight years ago March 22, 1820, was fought one of the most memorable duels in the annals of the United States. Commodore Decatur and Commodore Barron met on the fatal field near Bladensburg, near Washington, that day. Both participants were wounded, Decatur mortally, dying within a few hours after the encounter. The causes which led to the ill feeling between these two naval heroes have never been accurately determined, but it is generally supposed that Decatur's harsh criticism of Barron on account of the latter's not returning from abroad to take part in the war brought about the breech. Certain it is that Decatur's words were repeated to Barron, and a correspondence between the two ensued, which probably resulted in the challenge. The impending duel was kept a profound secret. Only a few of the most intimate friends of the respective participants had even an inkling of it. Decatur was the first to arrive upon the scene. He was accompanied by Commodores Rodgers and Porter and several other friends. Barron arrived a few minutes later. The combatants bowed stiffly to each other and stood waiting for their friends to measure off the ground and make the final arrangements.

"I hope, sir," Said Barron, as they took their places, "that when we meet in another world we shall be better friends than we have been in this."

Decatur is said to have haughtily regarded his adversary for a moment, and then have replied:

"Sir, I have never been your enemy."

A moment later the word was given and two shots rang out simultaneously. Barron fell almost immediately. Decatur straightened himself, but the pistol fell from his grasp and in a moment he was upon the green sward, writhing in agony. He was raised by his friends and carried nearer the road, where Barron was lying.

"I wish I had fallen in the service of my country," Decatur muttered. Whereupon Barron looked up.

"Everything has been conducted most honorably," he said.

Then turning his eyes upon Decatur: "I am mortally wounded. Commodore Decatur, I forgive you from the bottom of my heart."

As Decatur was being lifted into a carriage, Brainbridge, whom Decatur had once rescued from a Moorish prison, stooped down and kissed his cheek.

With his head upon Rodger's shoulder, and in company with a physician, Decatur was driven slowly back to the city and carried into his residence on Lafayette Square, where he died a few hours afterward.

The news of the duel spread like wildfire through the city. The following day John Randolph offered consolatary resolutions in Congress, which, however, were promptly objected to, and the press rigorously denounced the practice of dueling.

Barron ultimately recovered from his injury, but it is said the memory of the fatal duel darkened his life ever afterward. He lived until the year 1851, and had charge of several vessels. At his own request he was court-martialed upon the charges made against him by Decatur and exonerated.

Thief Remembered Him.

A rising young physician of West Philadelphia recovered his fiancee's stolen watch last week in a remarkable way. The timepiece was a present from the doctor, and was a beautiful specimen of the jeweler's art, the cases being blue enamel, thickly set with diamonds and pearls. On the inside of the case was a picture of the giver, photographed directly on the case, and the engraved words, "From Ralph to Grace."

Thanksgiving night the young couple attended a theater and at the close of the play joined the merry throng that was on Chestnut street. Several times up and down were made, and it was late when they arrived at the young woman's home. In order to be sure of the time the girl felt for her watch, which she usually wore hooked on her coat, and found it gone. Of course she was horrified, and started to cry, but the doctor told her she probably had lost it, and that an advertisement would bring its return. The lost and found column was freely used, but without any result. The doctor had lost all hope, when last Wednesday morning he received through the mail the missing watch and a letter which read:

"Dear Doctor: Inclosed find watch that I stole Thanksgiving night. On looking in case I saw your picture and surmised that it was a gift from you to your sweetheart. I guess you don't remember saving the life of a man who had no money, but I do, and I can't find it in my heart to keep the watch.
A GRATEFUL MAN."

The doctor, who is noted for his charity, says he has no recollection of the case in question.

Professional Ear Healers.

The wearing of earrings was so general in Rome and the jewels were so heavy that there were professionals known as ear healers, who tended the ears of ladies who had torn or injured the lobes with the weight of the pendants.

Forty Tons of Coal Per Day.

The average consumption of coal by a first-class ocean steamer, fitted with compound engines is about forty tons a day.

Thoughts are the quickest and the longest and the saddest things of this life.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Rev. L. H. Thayer, pastor. Morning service at 10:30. Sunday school in the chapel at 12:00 M. Young people's meeting at 6:45 P. M. Vesper service at 7:30. All are welcome.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. George W. Gile, pastor. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school in the chapel at 12:00 M. Prayer meetings Tuesdays and Fridays at 7:45 P. M. All are invited.

FREEWILL BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. Robert L. Duston, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A. M. Sunday school at 11:45 A. M. Junior Christian Endeavor meeting at 3:00 P. M. Prayer meeting at 7:30 P. M. Christian Endeavor meeting Tuesday evening at 7:30. Prayer and social meeting Friday evening.

OLD ST. JOHN'S CHURCH—EPISCOPAL.

Church hill, Rev. Henry E. Hovey, rector. Sunday, at 10:30 A. M., morning prayer, litany and sermon. Holy communion, first Sunday in every month and the greater festivals, 12:00 M. Holy days, 8:30 A. M. Evensong, Sundays, 3:00 P. M. Fridays, Ember days, in chapel at 5:00 P. M. Parish Sunday school in chapel at 3:00 P. M. At the evensong service, both in church and chapel, the seats are free. At all the services strangers are cordially welcomed and provided for.

CHRIST CHURCH—EPISCOPAL.

Madison street, head of Austin street, Rev. Charles LeV. Brine, rector. On Sundays, holy communion at 7:30, matins or holy communion at 10:30 A. M., Sunday school at 12:00 M., evensong at 7:30 P. M. On week days, matins (daily) at 9:00 A. M., evensong (daily) at 5:00, on Friday, evensong at 7:30 P. M., holy communion, Thursday at 7:30 A. M. On holy days, holy communion at 7:30, matins at 9:00 A. M, evensong at 7:30 P. M. Seats free and unappropriated. Good music. All welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

State street, Rev. Wm. Warren, pastor. Morning prayer at 10:00. Preaching service 10:30 A. M. Sunday school at 12:00 M. Epworth League meeting at 6:00 P. M. Prayer meeting at 7:30 P. M. All are cordially invited

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Court street, Rev. Myron Tyler, pastor. Morning service at 10:30. Sunday school at 12:00 M. Young people's meeting at 6:30 P. M. Evening service at 7:30. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting on Tuesday evening and prayer meeting on Friday evening at 7:30. All are welcome.

CHURCH OF CHRIST—UNIVERSALIST.

Pleasant street, corner Junkins avenue. No pastor. Morning prayer and sermon at 10:30. Sunday school at 12:00 M. Administration of the holy sacrament the first Sunday in the month at 11:45 A. M. Good music. Y. P. C. U. meetings every Sunday evening at 6:30 in the vestry. Strangers are especially welcome.

UNITARIAN CHURCH.

Rev. Alfred Gooding, pastor. Morning service at 10:30. Sunday school at 3:00 P. M. All are invited.

ADVENT CHURCH.

C. M. Seamans, pastor. Social service at 10:30 A. M. Preaching at 2:45 and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 12:00 M. Loyal Workers meeting at 6:00 P. M. Prayer service at 7:15 P. M. All are invited.

CHURCH OF THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION.

Rev. Eugene M. O'Callaghan, pastor. Services at 8:30 and 10:30 A. M. Vespers at 3:00 P. M.

PEOPLE'S MISSION.

South ward room. Rev. A. W. Adams, pastor. Sunday school at 3:00 P. M. Praise meeting at 7:30 P. M. Preaching at 8:00 P. M. Praise and prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 8:00. Cottage meeting on Friday evening at 8:00. The public are cordially invited to attend these services, which are free to all.

Y. M. C. A.

Association rooms open from 9:00 to 10:30 A. M. and from 1:00 to 6:00 P. M. Men's meeting at 4:00 P. M. Open week days from 9:00 A. M. to 10:00 P. M.

SALVATION ARMY.

Meetings will be held all day in the hall on Market street. Hall drill at 7:30 A. M. Holiness meeting at 10:00 A. M. Free and easy at 3:00 P. M. Salvation meeting at 8:00 P. M.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH, KITTERY.

Rev. E. W. Kennison, pastor. Preaching at 10:45 A. M. Sunday school at 12:00 M. Prayer meeting at 7:00 P. M.

SECOND METHODIST CHURCH, KITTERY.

Rev. D. F. Faulkner, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A. M. Sunday school at 12:00 M. Epworth League meeting at 6:00 P. M. Evening service at 7:00. All are cordially invited.

SECOND CHRISTIAN CHURCH, KITTERY.

Rev. J. G. Dutton, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A. M. Sunday school at 11:45 A. M. Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6:00 P. M. Prayer meeting at 7:00 P. M. All are welcome.

ADVENT CHRISTIAN CHURCH, SOUTH ELIOT.

Rev. Geo. W. Brown, pastor. Sunday school at 10:00 A. M. Prayer meeting at 11:30 A. M. Preaching at 2:00 day 7:30 P. M. All are welcome.

SECOND METHODIST CHURCH, SOUTH ELIOT.

Rev. E. W. Kennison, pastor. Sunday school at 1:00 P. M. Preaching at 2:00 P. M. Prayer meeting at 7:30 P. M.

SEVEN SUTHERLAND SISTERS

Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner

For Over 14 Years

these highly meritorious preparations have stood at the head of all hair restoratives. More than 3,000,000 bottles have been used by the American people, and thousands of testimonials bear witness to their excellence, while there were never any complaints when directions were followed.

Ask your druggist about it.

Stoddard's Stable

HAS BEEN FITTED OUT WITH NEW CARRIAGES.

You can get the handsomest and most comfortable turn-out in the state at

STODDARD'S.

NEW HACKS, FOR WEDDINGS AND OTHER PARTIES

TELEPHONE 1-2.

SALE AND LIVERY BUSINESS

NEWARK CEMENT

COBB'S EXTRA LIME

AND

DRAIN PIPE.

We receive weekly shipments

FRESH STOCK.

J. A. & A. W. WALKER

BuyNow!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW LOT OF

Buggies of all descriptions, Milk Wagons, Steam Laundry Wagons, Store Wagons and Stanhope Carriages.

Also a large line of New and Second-Hand Harnesses, Single and Double, Heavy and Light, and I will sell them at Very Low Prices.

Just drop around and look them, if you do not want to buy.

THOMAS McCUE,

Stone Stable — Fleet Street

Gray & Prime

DELIVER

COAL

IN BAGS.

NO DUST NO NOISE.

111 Market St. Telephone 2-4

COAL AND WOOD.

C. E. WALKER & CO.,

Commission Merchant

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Coal and Wood

Office cor. State and Water Sts.,

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

BOSTON & MAINE

Southern Division

PORTSMOUTH BRANCH

[Winter Arrangement, Oct. 2, 189

Leave the following stations for Manchester, Concord and intermediate stations—
Portsmouth, 8.30 a. m., 12.45, 5.25 p. m.
Greenland Village, 8.39 a. m., 12.54, 5.33 p. m.
Rockingham Junction, 8.58 a. m., 1.07, 5.53 p. m.
Epping, 9.22 a. m., 1.21, 6.06 p. m.
Raymond, 9.32 a. m., 1.32, 6.16 p. m.

Returning leave
Concord, 7.45, 10.25 a. m., 3.30 p. m.
Manchester, 8.30, 11.10 a. m., 4.20 p. m.
Raymond, 9.10, 11.43 a. m., 5.02 p. m.
Epping, 9.22 a. m., 12.00, 5.15 p. m.
Rockingham Junction, 9.37 a. m., 12.17 5.28 p. m.
Greenland Village, 10.01 a. m., 12.30, 5.45 p. m.

Trains connect at Rockingham Junction for Exeter, Haverhill, Lawrence and Boston. Trains connect at Manchester and Concord for Plymouth, Woodsville, Lancaster; St. Johnsbury, Newport, Vt.; Montreal and the west.

Eastern Division.

TRAINS LEAVE PORTSMOUTH for

Boston, 3 50, 7:20, 8:15, 10:53, a. m., 2:21, 5:00 7:28 p. m. Sundays, 3:50, 8:00 a. m., 2:21 5.00 p. m. Returning, 7:30, 9:00, 10:30 a. m., 12:30, 3:30, 4:45, 7:00, 7:45 p. m. Sundays, 4:30, 8:20 a. m., 6:40, 7:00 p. m.
Portland 9:55, 10:45 a. m., 2:45, 8:50, 9:20 p. m. Sundays, 10:45 a. m., 8:55 p. m. Returning, 2:00, 9:00 a. m., 12:45, 6:00 p. m. Sundays 2:00 a. m., 12:45 p. m.
Somersworth and Rochester, 9:45, 9:55, a. m., 2:40, 2:45, 5:30 p. m. Returning, Leave Somersworth, 6:35, 7:32, 10:01 a. m., 4:05, 6:30 p. m.; Leave Rochester, 7:19, 9:47 a. m., 3:50 6:35 p. m. Sundays, 7:00 a. m.
North Conway, 9:55 a. m., 2:45 p. m. Returning 7:25 a. m., 4:15 p. m.
Dover, 4:50, 9:45 a. m., 12:20, 2:40, 5:30 8:20 p. m. Sundays, 8:00, 10:48 a. m., 8:57 p. m. Returning 6:30, 10:24 a. m., 1:25, 4:05, 6:30 9:32 p. m. Sundays, 7:30 a. m., 9:20 p. m.

GOVERNMENT FERRY

TIME TABLE.

Leave Navy yard—8:00*, 8:20, 8:40, 9:15, 10 a. m. 11:45 p. m. 1:45, 2:05, 3:00, 4:00, 4:45, 5:15, 7:30 p. m. (Wednesdays and Saturdays,) Sundays, 9 a. m. 9:45, 10:15 a. m., 12:10, 12:30 p. m. Holidays 9:40, 10:30, 11:30 a. m.
Leave Portsmouth—8:10*, 8:30, 8:50, 9:20 11:00 a. m., 12:15, 1:55, 2:15, 3:30, 4:15, 5 p. m., 6:00 10.00 p m., (Wednesdays and Saturdays.) Sundays, 9:05, 10.00 a. m., 12:00 m., 12:20 12:45 p. m. Holidays, 10:00, 11:00 a. m., 12:00 m.

*From May until October.

Portsmouth, Kittery and York Street Railway

Winter Time Table

Ferry boat leaves P K & Y landing Portsmouth, making close connection with the cars at Ferry landing, Kittery as follows;

For York Beach—6 50, 8 20, 9 50 11 20, a m; 12 50, 2 20, 3 50, 5 20, 6 50, 8 20, 9 50 p m.

For Sea Point—6 50, 7 20, 7 50, 8 20, 8 50, 9 20, 9 50, 10 20, 10 50, 11 20, 11 50, a m; 12 20, 12 50, 1 20, 1 50, 2 20, 2 50, 3 20, 3 50, 4 20, 4 50, 5 20, 5 50, 6 20, 6 50, 7 20, 7 50, 8 20, 8 50, 9 20, 9 50, 10 50, p m.

Cars leave York Beach for Portsmouth as follows:—5 45, 6 45, 8 15, 9 45, 11 15. a m; 12 45, 2 15, 3 45, 5 15, 6 45, 8 15, 9 45 p m.

Leave Sea Point for Portsmouth as follows—*6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 00, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 00, 10 30, 11 00, 11 30 a m; 12 00, 12 30, 1 00, 1 30, 2 00, 2 30 3 00, 3 30, 4 00, 4 30, 5 00, 5 30, 6 00, 6 30, 7 00, 7 30, 8 30, 9 00, 9 30, 10 30 p m.

*From car house.

Sunday time same as on week days except that the first boat leaves Ferry Landing, Portsmouth, at 7 50 a m, and York Beach at 8 15 a m.

NOTICE—That the ferry leaves Portsmouth 10 minutes before the even hour and half hour; cars run to York Beach every hour and a half.

For special and extra cars address
W. G. MELOON, Supt.

Granite State Fire Insurance Company

OF PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Paid-Up Capital, $200,000,

OFFICERS:

President, FRANK JONES;
Vice President, JOHN W. SANBORN;
Secretary, ALFRED F. HOWARD;
Asst. Secretary, JOHN W. EMERY
Treasurer, JUSTIN V. HANSCOM;
Executive Committee, FRANK JONES, JOHN W. SANBORN, CHARLES SINCLAIR, ALBERT WALLACE and E. H. WINCHESTER.

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ARE NOW READY.

E, PERCALE, GINGHAM AND CALICO.

50 Cents to $3.00.

IS E. STAPLES,

Market Street.

7. E. Paul

ary Plumber, Heating Engineer and Contractor.

DMILLS AND PIPING.

— SOLE AGENT FOR —

MAGEE

ton Heater Furnace

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d Ranges and Stoves.

TCHEN FURNISHING GOODS.

EPHONE 55-5.

to 45 Market Street,

One Mile In 1.31 4-5.

his wonderful record was made by Major Taylor at Philadelphia in November last from a standing start on an ORIENT Chainless Bicycle fitted with the Sager gear, thereby demonstrating the easy running qualities of this manner of construction. Look it up before buying.

PHILBRICK'S BICYCLE STORE.

FRANKLIN BLOCK,

Portsmouth, N. H.

EAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

ington Street	$10,000
nton Street	7,000
Middle Street	7,000
Vaughan Street	6,000
Middle Street	6,000
herburne Road	4,200
Richards Avenue	3,500
State Street	3,800
State Street	3,000
Daniel Street	3,000
Bridge Street	2,500
Tanner Street	2,500
Madison Street	2,000
Mt Vernon Street	1,700
Westworth Street	1,700
parhawk Street	1,700
Jefferson Street	1,600
Warren Street	1,500
School Street	1,500
Dearborn Street	1,400
Water Street	1,200
Stark Street	1,100
Clinton Street	900

any others in Newcastle, Kittery, Greenetc.

RMS in large variety. Houses Lots all sizes and prices.

ey's Real Estate Agency,

32 Congress Street.

WE HAVE

CANDY

At All Prices From

Cents a Pound Up.

Call and See Our Stock.

IALPH GREEN,

88 Congress Street.

THE HERALD.

SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1899.

SUPPRESS ALUMNED FOOD.

The doctors inform us that alum is a poison, and that alum baking powders should be avoided because they make the food unwholesome. Prominent hygienists, who have given the matter most study, regard these powders as an evil that should be suppressed by state action. In Minnesota and Wisconsin alum powders are not permitted to be sold unless they are branded to warn consumers of their true character, while in the District of Columbia the authorities have under the direction of Congress adopted regulations to prohibit the use of alum in bread altogether

Are not the people of other states, as well as those of Minnesota and Wisconsin, entitled to warning of a danger which is apparently menacing them at close hand, and is not the whole country entitled to absolute protection, as the people of the District of Columbia are protected, by legislation which is entirely prohibitive?

Until we can have protection in the form of a statute, how can our state boards of health, state analysts or food commissions better serve the public than by publishing in the newspapers from time to time the names of the baking powders which they find to be made from alum?

Meantime, it will aid the housewife in designating the alum powders to remember that all powders sold at 25 cents or less per pound are of this dangerous class. Pure cream of tartar powders are usually sold at from 45 to 50 cents a pound.

FAKED DEAF AND DUMB.

James Flood, a young man not twenty years of age, was arrested on Friday afternoon by Officer Hurley for working a fake deaf and dumb scheme on the public and thereby obtaining money. He carries a card on which is printed, "I am deaf and dumb, please buy my court plaster." With this he works on the sympathy of the people and rakes in the dimes very easy. He can talk and hear as well as anyone and is booked for trial this morning on the charge of obtaining money under false pretense.

QUAINT SAYING.

It is interesting and instructive to read bright and well constructed advertisements. Messrs. C. I. Hood & Co. of Sarsaparilla fame, must have been at a great feast and taken everything home with them. They are using a bright selection of quaint old sayings and proverbs as the starters in a series of clever advertisments, wherein the proverbs are neatly turned and paraphrased to fit the subject matter. The public like this breezy advertising, as it reminds of other proverbs and opens up discussion.

LIEUT. HATCH, U. S. M. C., COMMISSIONED.

Secretary Long has appointed the following-named volunteer officers of the marine corps as first lieutenants in the regular service, they having passed the entrance examinations successfully:

Henry W. Carpenter, Randolph C. Berkley, A. J. Adams, Charles G. Anderson, Charles Smith Hatch, J. Carson Breckenridge, Arthur T. Marix, Philip S. Brown, Harry Lee, Robert E. Carmedy.

A MURDEROUS ASSAULT.

Andrew Terry, a seaman on the schooner Eagle Wing, Capt. Fletcher, murderously assaulted the first mate in the cabin of the vessel on Friday afternoon and now occupies a cell at the police station. Terry was arrested by Officers Murphy and Quinn and will be arraigned in police court today to answer to the charge. He had been drinking and refused to obey the mate's orders.

MILITARY PUNISHMENT.

James Kelley, Dennis Bercury and Edward Tatnell, who were indicted by the grand jury for malicious mischief, causing destruction to parts of the Newcastle bridges, will probably be discharged from jail here next week. The boys belong to Battery M, Fourth artillery, stationed at Fort Constitution, and will be given military punishment, after they are discharged by the civil authorities.

THAT KITTERY JOKE.

Constable Perkins of Kittery ridicules the yarn about the Fort McClary murder mystery. He informed a *Herald* reporter on Friday that the clothes have been there for months and had undoubtedly been stolen. The fake reference to blood stains made him smile.

Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

IS IT MURDER?

Body Of An Infant Found On Madison Street.

Had Been Dead About Two Months, and Police are Investigating.

The Coroner Ordered an Autopsy Which Has Been Held.

The police have what appears to be a murder mystery on their hands. Early on Friday evening Marshal Entwistle received information that the body of an infant had been found at the west end, and after getting the complete details Coroner Rider was notified and the body was removed to Nickerson's undertaking rooms.

City Physician Pender was called and with Dr. Towle an autopsy was held and their report will be made to the coroner in writing.

There is an air of deep mystery surrounding the movements of the police on the case and a sensation is predicted in what is to take place.

The body was that of a perfectly formed female infant, about three weeks old, and while there are many rumors it is understood that the investigation will show that death resulted from strangulation.

The body was in a pasteboard box, such as florists use, and the body was wound about with a piece of cloth. A cord was wound tightly three times about the neck of the baby.

The body was in fairly good preservation and wrapped in a piece of muslin which looks as if it might be a piece of sash curtain.

The lungs of the infant floated in water after removal showing beyond a doubt that the child was born alive.

Coroner Rider this morning swore in as his jury on the case Frank J. Philbrick, Herbert B. Dow and W. L. Fogg. In company with City Marshal Entwistle, the coroner and jurymen visited Nickerson's undertaking rooms at 10 o'clock and viewed the body of the infant. The box enclosing it was also examined. Absolutely no tangible clew to the perpetrator of the crime was discovered.

The jury adjourned at the call of the coroner, to await a report from the officials now at work trying to solve the mystery

SITE SELECTED.

The contractor engaged in making tests on the various sites for the new dry dock arrived in town on Friday from Washington where he had been to consult with Admiral Endicott of the bureau of yards and docks. He will finish his work at once as the site has been determined upon and will be where the *Herald* has predicted—between Seavey's island and the main yard, alongside the mast house. This decision will result in the immediate advertising for bids.

FIRE AT SEABROOK.

(Special to the Herald)

SEABROOK, April 14.—Wm. M. Randall's grocery store, and his dwelling house and that of Mrs. Janvrin adjoining, situated in the south part of the village, were burned tonight. Randall's loss is about $5000, while Mrs. Janvrin's loss will be about $400. Both are probably insured. The fire started in the store near the oil tank, but its cause is not known.

CAPTAIN-ELECT LITTLE EXAMINED.

An examining branch of the New Hampshire National Guard, consisting of Brig.-General J. E. Tolles of Nashua, Col. W. W. Scott of Dover and Medical Director Col. H. H. Jewell of Nashua were in this city Friday evening and examined Captain-elect Frank E. Little of Co. A, Third regiment, for promotion to captain. After the examination the officers attended the military ball.

DELLA FOX ILL AT BELLOWS FALLS

Della Fox, who was to appear at the the opera house at Bellows Falls, Vt., last evening in "The Little Host" is confined to her room at a hotel with nervous prostration. Her part was taken by an understudy, and after tonight all dates will be cancelled.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No To Bac, the wonder worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

CITY BRIEFS.

Oh, dont ye hear the groan
That comes from the torrid zone
Or thereabouts—in Apia—
That sadly deep Samoan?
—Philadelphia North American

House cleaning is now in order.

Straw hats will soon be in order.

Interest in baseball increases daily.

The board of assessors met last evening.

Garden 'sass,' is quite plentiful on the market.

Schoolmarms were plenty around town on Friday.

Meeting of the general committee on Y. M. C. A. ball this evening.

The police had a busy time of it on Friday afternoon and evening.

Many ladies have already dared to venture out with the silent steed.

Dover sent down quite a party on Friday evening to the military ball.

Almost every vacant lot is now occupied by the small boy baseball crank.

W. F. Batten was admitted to the Cottage hospital for treatment on Friday.

A large number of Battery M. boys attended the military ball on Friday evening.

Local sports are now speculating on the result of the National Baseball league games.

The paymaster visited Fort Constitution on Friday and made the boys of Battery M. happy.

The "S. G" Londres is made of the choicest stock and is the best ten cent cigar in the market.

An infallible sign of the approach of spring is the removal of double windows and storm doors.

The battery at Fort Constitution have received new rifles and sent their old ones to Springfield on Friday.

Parker and McDonough defeated Tibbetts and Fisher 30 to 27 in the P. A. C. whist tournament last evening.

Since the whether has moderated the number of "hoboes" who apply for lodgings at the police station has decreased.

Have your shoes repaired by John W Mott, 34 Congress street. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hand sewed work a specialty.

Foreman Ship Wright Wm. F. Noyes was again taken ill at the navy yard on Friday and brought to his home in this city.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Woman's club of Concord held on Friday afternoon, Mrs. Helen B. Thayer of this city gave an address.

Five lodgers, three drunks, one on suspicion and one for obtaining money under false pretense were the bookings on the police slate up to midnight on Friday.

"Rap" Randall who was arrested last evening on suspicion of stealing a coat was released this morning there being no evidence that he had any hand in the matter.

The third lecture in the evening course of Rev. George W. Gile will be given on Sunday evening. The theme is "The Home and Club Life," and should be heard by a large congregation

LOST—A pocket book containing a sum of money and 2 gold rings, between 10 School street and Vaughan street. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to Benj. Lake, 10 School street.

The appearance of the Fadette Woman's orchestra of Boston, in this city on May 1st, will be its first in New Hampshire for two years and its first in New England since its six months' tour of the south and west.

The York Harbor & Beach R. R., will pay the state this year $230.14 for taxes and $38.21 for railroad commissioners' services. Portsmouth, Kittery and York street railway company, $123.62 tax and commissioners' service $51.31.

It takes a retired sailor or a deserter to tell just what ought to be done in the navy. They generally know whether men are left on a receiving ship when a vessel is placed out of commission or sent home. Some are occasionally left on islands at sea.

This is the season of the year when the muskrat or as some have it, the musquah, passes in his checks. The reverberations of the death-dealing shot gun have an effect on him similar to that produced by an earthquake on the human race. Local gunners report an unusually large number of the animals this year. Their pelts bring about 15 cents.

Mr. Jesse Frisbee of Kittery Point and three other gentlemen, have purchased a steamer, which will be utilized in making trips from Portsmouth to Hotel Pocahontas at Kittery Point, and to South Eliot and Hotel Greenacre. She is to begin her trips about June 1st. Her carrying capacity is about 100 passengers. This will be good news to the residents of South Eliot, who greatly regret that no steamer has run between that town and Portsmouth the past winter, and they would like to see the steamer begin her trips at once.

PERSONALS

A. B. Ricine passed Friday in Dover on business.

Alderman John Parsons was in Boston on Friday.

Miss Alice Norton was a visitor in Boston on Friday.

George Hobbs of North Berwick was in town on Friday.

Gen. C. B. Hoyt passed Friday in Boston on business.

Mr. Fred Gentleman is visiting friends in Manchester.

Mr. Frank Cunningham of Dover was here on Friday on business.

Harry Evans returned to his studies at Durham college on Friday.

Mr. R. E. Hannaford is passing a few days in Merrimac and Boston.

Col. C. H. Wells of Somersworth was a visitor in town on Friday.

Mrs John W. Wilson is the guest of Mrs. William H. Sheafe in Dover.

Miss Helen C. Kennard of Haverhill, Mass., is visiting friends in this city.

Mr. Wm. H. Conner of Newfields was here on Friday calling on old friends.

Mr. Charles C. B. Loeser of Lynn, Mass., was here for a short time on Friday.

Mr. Harry Lowd of Dorchester, Mass. will pass Sunday with relatives in this city.

D. Albert Hill, Esq., of Kittery, has been appointed a coroner by Governor Powers.

Miss Emily Baddock has returned from a visit in Haverhill, much benefited in health.

Miss Addie Whitten of Biddeford is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Lombard, Austin street.

Dr. George A. Bailey of Manchester is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. H. Marden, Hill street.

Miss Ella F. Pike of Epping was a visitor in town on Friday and attended the teachers' convention.

A most delightful day and if Sunday is equally as fine many trips into the country will be made.

President Tuttle of the Boston and Maine road has gone to Old Point Comfort for a month's rest.

Mr. Horace G. Pender of Harvard Law school is passing a few days with his parents on Merrimac street.

Mr. Frank E. Moore has this week moved into the Webster house on the corner of Manning and Howard streets.

Mrs. Lillian Martin of Quincy, Mass. is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs James M. Haley, Chestnut street.

Master Shipwright W. F. Noyes, U. S. N., was taken suddenly ill while at work on Friday and had to be taken home.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin O. Randall of Gardner street observed the thirty-eighth anniversary of their marriage on Friday evening.

W. H. Moore, W. H. Courser, Charles B Richmond, George Hugh, Esq., Frank Hurd, all of Dover, were visitors in town on Friday.

Edwin L Berry of this city, the well known printer, is now situated in Elkhart, Illinois, where he has obtained a lucrative situation.

Lieut. Brees, who has been transferred from Battery M, Fort Constitution, and ordered to Arizona, in the cavalry, left for that state on Friday.

Messrs. Alex and Ernest Bilbruck, went to Durham Friday evening and played for a dance given by the New Hampshire college boys.

Miss Kittie Sweetser, who has been book-keeper at the Tampa Bay hotel during the past winter, returned to her home in this city on Friday evening.

The Milfords did not come here last evening to play the Warwicks and consequently forfeited the game. The Nashua's will be the next to visit Portsmouth.

Mrs. Edward H. Morden of Union street was called to Lowell, Mass, on Friday afternoon by the sad intelligence that her brother-in law, ex-Mayor William F. Courtney, was at the point of death.

Dr. H. I. Durgin of Eliot at the quarterly meeting of the York County Medical society at Saco on Thursday, spoke on appendicitis and rehearsed its symptoms and treatment in an interesting manner.

Charles E. Hawkins, boatswain, U. S. N., now stationed at the New York navy yard, was in this city on Friday, called here by the interment of his mother, Jane S. Hawkins, who died in Buckland, Mass., April 11th.

AT THE NORTH CHURCH.

At the North church on Sunday morning the pastor will speak on "Religion in New Hampshire," considering the subject with reference to the governor's proclamation.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

MISSING.

The Whereabouts of the Schooner Arthur H. and Two Portsmouth Men Unknown.

Has Portsmouth another ocean tragedy similar to the one in which William Noone and Paul Marden lost their lives?

Last Sunday, Capt. Andrew Thompson and Fred Miles two fishermen, left Newton's wharf in the sloop Arthur H for the fishing grounds, and have not been heard from since.

Mrs. Thompson, wife of Capt. Thompson, notified the police on Friday and they will endeavor to find out if anything has been heard from the craft in any of the ports along the Maine and Massachusetts coasts.

There has been no bad weather whatever during the past week such as would cause the craft to founder and river men are at a loss to account for her strange disappearance.

Capt. Thompson resides on Hancock street and has a wife. Fred Miles has a wife and large family of children residing on Mechanic street.

It is hoped that the sloop will be heard from at some port and that both men are safe.

POLICE COURT.

Thomas Hart, a young member of Battery M. pleaded guilty to being drunk on Congress street last evening. As Hart is a noisy fellow when under the influence of liquor and creates considerable disturbance he was fined $9.90

Andrew Terry, the sailor man who went on the rampage last evening and threatened to carve up his mate, pleaded guilty to being drunk. He was let off by paying a fine of $9.90

James Flood, the bogus deaf and dumb boy, pleaded guilty to being drunk and eagerly paid a fine of $6.90 from his easy gotten gains in this city. He was ordered to leave town at once.

A PRESENT FROM DEWEY.

Charles Marseilles of Exeter this morning received from Admiral George Dewey at Manila a valuable present in the form of a basreleif of the admiral encased in a handsome gold mounted frame of mahogany. Beneath the portrait is Dewey's signature and the date on which it was written.

BORN.

HOLMES. In this city, April 8th to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Holmes, a daughter.

SWEENEY.—In this city, April 14, to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sweeney, a daughter.

"Ignorance of Law Excuses No One."

This maxim applies with especial force to ignorance of the laws of health. Every man and woman of intelligence knows the physical fact that the blood reaches the remotest parts of the human body. If there is a disturbance anywhere, why should one ignorantly suppose that the seat of the malady is local?

Is it not more rational to suppose that the impure condition of the blood is doing the mischief, as it is? Experience has demonstrated the fact that this is the case in 95 per cent. of complaints.

If your "life's blood" is pure, nature will take care of the rest. Hood's Sarsaparilla enables you to cleanse your blood of all impurities and make it strong and wholesome. *It never disappoints.*

Scrofula — "I am 77 years old and owe my good health and steady nerves to Hood's Sarsaparilla, as it cured me of scrofula, rheumatism and catarrh. It has prolonged my life." JAMES BROWN, 83 East View Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Debility — "I was weak, run down and nervous. Severe pains in kidneys, with heart trouble. Hood's Sarsaparilla made me strong and new. It is an honest medicine." CHARLES HENDERSHOT, Amsterdam, New York.

Blotches — "My face used to be covered with pimples and blotches and I suffered from continuous headache. Hood's Sarsaparilla quickly removed the cause and my face is smooth. Have no more headache." F. H. SEIBERT, Hammond, Ind.

Catarrh — "Many years suffering from catarrh makes me appreciate Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured me; also of indigestion and kidney trouble. It gave me strength and good appetite." MRS. O. J. PHILLIPS, Pontiac, Mich.

Weakness — "I bless the day I heard of Hood's Sarsaparilla as it cured me of extreme weakness after grip, built my husband up after pneumonia, cured eczema and blood poisoning in our children." MRS. M. A. DILWORTH, Box 4, Embreeville, Pa.

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Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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Hours: 10 a. m. to 12 m., 3 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m.

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BEFORE YOU DO YOUR SPRING PAINTING GET HIS ADVICE.

A Full Stock Of Paints, Varnishes, Curtains Fixtures, Paper Hanging and Room Mouldings Constantly On Hand

0 & 12 Daniel St., Portsmouth

"O, GEORGE,"

She said in plaintive tones, "This old tandem runs awfully hard. You should have bought a NATIONAL TANDEM at Parshley's. And, say, have you seen the CRESCENT CHAINLESS BICYCLE? It's the best chainless in the city, and only costs $60.

Parshley's Store is at 16 Congress St.

and they've got a perfectly lovely repair shop, too.

Fit Guaranteed

A Suit or Overcoat That Will Please You, And Prices Right.

A NICELY ARRANGED LADIES PARLOR.

Ladies garments, Ladies Par and America styles custom made.

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Old Furniture Made New.

Why don't you send some of your badly worn upholstered furniture to Robert H. Hall and have it re-upholstered? It will cost but little.

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